MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

Bio Society

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THE SENTINEL.

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JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

T. D. JERMAIN.....W. H. BRIGHTMAN

THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 1, 1859

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

Depart.	Arrive.	Mails Close.
MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.		
7:10 A. M.	11:00 A. M.	12:30 P. M. a
3:40 P. M.	8:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M. a
MILWAUKEE & MINNESOTA.		
7:45 A. M.	12:35 P. M.	3:10 P. M. c
4.35 P. M.	8:35 P. M.	9:00 P. M. d
MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI		
1:30 P. M.	10:30 P. M.	12:00 A. M. e
5:00 P. M.	2:40 P. M.	1:15 P. M. f
3:00 P. M.		6:30 P. M. f
MILWAUKEE & HORICON.		
7:25 A. M.	9:35 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:50 P. M.	2:35 P. M.	12:20 P. M.
MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & RARABOO VALLEY.		
12:40 P. M.	4:15 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
DETROIT & MILWAUKEE		
8:00 P. M.	9:30 A. M.	

a Except Sunday. b Except Saturday. c Except Sunday) to all points. d Except Saturday) to Horicon, Berlin, Kilbourn City, Fox Lake, Fond du Lac and Hickson, only. e All points. f Waukesha, Whitewater and Janesville. g Madison, Prairie du Chien and McGregor.

The Hangman's Day.

To-morrow, the 2d day of December, 1859, is to become memorable in history for the martyrdom of John Brown. The State of Virginia, represented by Gov. Wise, and the United States of America, "the home of the *free* and the land of the brave," represented by President Buchanan, are to see to the effectual *hanging* of "Ossawatomie."—Some *twenty-five hundred* State and Federal troops will assist at the ceremony. No one is to come within ear-shot of the dying martyr. No "Northern" reporters will be permitted to record his parting words. But in spite of all precautions, they will be heard, read and remembered by *millions* of Freemen, whose hatred of Oppression, Injustice and Tyranny, in every form, will be intensified by the events of this Black Friday. The bell that tolls for the departing spirit of John Brown will ring the knell of African Slavery.

Important Decision in the U. S. Circuit Court in Chicago.—In the case of Barron vs. Walter L. Newberry, in Chicago, the title to real estate in Chicago was involved to the amount of not far from $150,000. Mr. Newberry sold to W. L. Haskins land in Cook County, Ill., and Haskins mortgaged to Newberry. Haskins afterwards became a bankrupt, and W. C. H. Waddell was his assignee. The latter sold the interest of the bankrupt to Burnham.

A deed was not executed to Burnham till 1855 by the assignee. In October, 1855, Burnham conveyed his interest to William Barron, the plaintiff. In March, 1848, five years after Haskins had been declared a bankrupt and obtained his discharge, Newberry filed a bill in the Cook Co. (Ill.) Court to foreclose the mortgage. To this bill Haskins and one Marcus Wilbur were made parties, but neither Burnham nor the assignee in bankruptcy.

There was no personal service on the defendants nor any appearance for them. Jurisdiction was attempted to be acquired by a publication notice. A decree of foreclosure was entered in that court at the May term, 1848, a sale made by a master in July, 1848, and a deed executed to Newberry by the master in 1851, and Newberry claimed to hold the land freed from the equity of redemption of mortgage. In March, 1856, the plaintiff filed a bill to redeem the mortgage upon tender of the principal and interest due on the same.

The Court allowed the plaintiff to redeem the mortgage upon the payment of the principal and interest due, and the reimbursement of the taxes, etc., etc., paid by Newberry.

Mr. J. E. McClure, one of our oldest citizens, had a much larger interest, in property in Chicago, involving the same principle as the one above decided; which has been purchased by Messrs. James Ludington and John W. Chickering.

Senator Sumner has declined the various proffers of his political friends for a public demonstration upon his arrival home. His purpose is to reserve his strength till he takes his seat in the Senate of the United States.—He will doubtless, at an early period, express his views upon the present aspect of national affairs. His first proceeding, after arriving home, was to call upon the family of his friend and physician, lately deceased, the lamented Dr. Perry; and he afterward attended his funeral.

The Woman in the Bonner Forgery.—The correspondent of the Springfield *Republican* gives the following details of the Bonner forgery:

I suppose you have read in the newspapers of the arrest of Leach and Bishop, charged with the forgery on Bonner, of the *Ledger*. But it has not been told in any newspaper just how that forgery came about. Not long ago a woman came to the *Ledger* office and said she wished to subscribe for ten copies of the *Ledger* for a friend, Miss ——, of North Orange, N. J., who had not time to call, and had, therefore, commissioned her to attend to the matter. In payment she offered a fifty dollar bank bill, and asked for a bank check for "change," instead of money. By means of the check she obtained Mr. Bonner's signature, and the name of the bank with which he had an account, and through it the forgery to the amount of $3,500 was committed. On its discovery the woman who asked for the check was remembered, but on sending to North Orange, no Miss —— was found, tho' the postmaster was running about to find her, to pay the postage on the avalanche of *Ledgers*, which had been flowing into the post office for a month. The woman has also been arrested. She was helping her husband with a devotion worthy of a better cause.—They were taken on board the Europa, in which they had embarked for an European tour, their pockets lined with $100 notes from the Nassau Bank.

Coal Beds in Michigan.—Many of our readers are not aware of the fact that coal in abundance is to be found in the county of Saginaw. It makes its appearance near the forks of the Titabawassee, in our county, and is to be found in various places in a southern direction, clear through into the county of Genesee. The mines have as yet been opened in only one place in our county—at what is called Six Mile Creek," about six miles above Chessing. Sheriff Turner presented us the other day with specimens of the coal taken from this creek. It is pronounced by competent judges to be a very superior article of bituminous, and can be obtained in abundance, with but little expense. At the place above named, the beds have been opened to the depth of thirty feet, and five layers of coal, from one to five feet in thickness, have been found. The first layer is what is called "Kerosene," the variety from which the Kerosene Oil is manufactured. This is the thinnest layer of the five. The last layer is the thickest. How much deeper these veins penetrate the earth, can only be conjectured. Enough discoveries have already been made to place the matter beyond a doubt that an inexhaustible amount of this great source of wealth is imbedded within our county, and can easily be obtained. When the matter is fully understood, we have no doubt but capitalists enough can be found to embark in it and disembowel the earth of its valuable treasure.

When these beds become thoroughly worked, we have no doubt that they will afford a great source of wealth to our county, as well as to those who enlist in the enterprise.—*Saginaw Weekly Republican.*

Wheat Back.—Capt. Brown, of the Transcript wheat packet, says that not one-eighth of the wheat has yet been moved in Houston county, Minn. The same is true of counties west. We expect to see such a drive of wheat teams in La Crosse this winter as will make the natives "peel their eyes."—*La Crosse Union.*

"That was a horrible affair—the murder of Dean, and the sealing up of his remains in a tin box!"

"What Dean?" asked half a dozen voices at once.

"Why, Sar-Dean, of course," was the reply.

EXCITEMENT IN "EGYPT."

A Chicago Irishman Arrested Under the Black Laws—He is held as a Fugitive Slave.

From the Olney (Ill.) Times, Nov. 25th.

This week a man of dark complexion, straight black hair, black whiskers and moustache, with the characteristic Irish brogue, was arrested and brought to Olney, on the enormous charge of being a fugitive slave. His captors took him to the jail for the purpose of securing him, but Fred Johns did not feel safe in putting him in the lock-up without some better authority than his captors were able to produce, and they were reduced to the inconvenience of keeping personal watch over him, which created some little curiosity among our citizens to know something of the fellow, concerning his history. In conversation with him, he informed us that he was a native of Ireland, and had been twelve years in America, *and the last year had been in Chicago.* He gave his name as Thomas Leary.

Hon. M. O'Kear was present, and gave it as his opinion that he was an *Irishman of inferior intelligence.* We endeavored to prevail upon his captors to release him, when they, in a very decisive manner, gave us to understand that when they received the reward that they claimed was offered for his apprehension they would do so. Seeing their determination to run him off, a petition was drawn up praying Hon. A. Kitchill for a writ of *habeas corpus*, was served, but up to the present writing, had not been returned. We have no disposition to interfere with the institution of slavery where it exists; but when it comes to this, that men must be hunted down in the Free State of Illinois, it is high time that the people rise in the majesty of their strength, and say such things shall not be done; and for one, we are sorry that our country has within her borders one man so steeped in moral degradation as to voluntarily attempt to arrest a man because he happened to be a little dark, and was not blessed with an ordinary degree of intelligence, to carry him into perpetual bondage.

The Recent Gale at Buffalo.

Early in the evening of Friday a gale commenced blowing from the west, which rapidly increased in fury, until after midnight, it had become one of the most fierce and powerful ever experienced even in these headquarters of old Boreas. Considerable damage was the result of this furious gale of wind, although the damage accomplished was not as great as might have been expected.

The Main street bridge, crossing the canal, was seriously disturbed by a canal boat which was raised by the water underneath, lifting one corner from the abutments, and breaking the timbers in several places. It was not rendered impassable, but the injury done to it, together with the general rottenness made apparent, will probably occasion the immediate building of a new structure.

The iron bridge crossing Erie slip on River street, near the warehouse of the Western Transportation Co., was entirely demolished by a canal boat, which drifted under it and was raised by the water until the bridge was torn from its foundations and thrown down. But few pieces composing the bridge were broken or much damaged, although generally disjointed, and the structure will most likely be put together again very soon. The gas main pipe supplying the district below the canal and between the slip and the creek, crossed this bridge and was broken by its fall. The company suffered a pretty heavy loss of gas before the accident was discovered and the pipe plugged. Until the bridge is rebuilt, that district, which is fortunately a small one, will be without gas.

The bridge on River street crossing the next slip—Peacock we believe—was also considerably damaged, but is still passable.

A considerable portion of the track of the Niagara Falls Railroad at one or two points between here and Black Rock was undermined and disturbed by the action of the waves, and passengers had to be conveyed to and from Black Rock by omnibus on Saturday.

The ice rooking upon the old Cotton Factory on the canal, was stripped off by the wind, and the repairs necessary will cost a considerable sum.

Several boats in the canal were floated by the high tide on to the towing path, and left high and dry when the water receded. One that we saw near the depot is spitted upon a row of piles, on which she settled, and, we conclude, is a fixture henceforth.

On and along the creek there are some few evidences of the destructive force of the gale. A portion of the roof of the building at the foot of Mississippi street, opposite the Marine Block, was lifted off, causing considerable damage.

Three propellers, the Susquehanna, Potomac, and Alleghany, and four schooners, the Lady of the Lake, the West Wind, the Contest, and the J. S. Newhouse, which were laid up in the creek, broke loose from their fastenings, and were driven by the wind up the creek. Only two of them sustained material damage. The Newhouse ran into the dock at Fish's Elevator, corner of the Clark and Skinner Canal, and carried away a rather large piece of the corner, badly damaging her own bow, bowsprit and forward rigging in the operation. The Lady of the Lake collided with something in her runaway career, and suffered some injury. The others were captured and secured before any mischief resulted from their escape.

Up town we learn of a few disasters. A partly finished frame house, on Seventh street, below Maryland, was blown down. The chimney and part of the parapet wall of a house on the corner of Sixth and Carolina streets was toppled over, occasioning great alarm to the inmates. The front of a small new building on Chippewa street, near Franklin, was shattered. The extent of the losses from these accidents, we have not been able to learn.—*Buffalo Express.*

The Rotten Frigate.—The steam frigate Minnesota, which was found to be rotten, and is now undergoing repairs at the Charlestown Navy Yard, is only five years old, and has made but one cruise. All her outside planking, from the water line to the plank sheer, is decayed. Many of her knees are also unsound, so that she will have to be almost rebuilt to fit her for service. All the decayed timber is white oak; and some of the yellow pine, with which the oak came in contact, is also rotten. Yellow pine is considered rot-proof, in consequence of the great amount of rosin which it contains; but the presence of the decaying white oak produced eremacausis in the pine in this case, in the same manner that a little leaven promotes fermentation among a large quantity of matter. The live oak in the Minnesota has not been the least affected by the rot; it is as fresh as when put in. These are important facts for ship-builders.—*Scientific American.*

A Startling Style.—It being announced that the Parisian ladies have adopted the style of dress of the Court of the First Napoleon, the editor of the Boston *Post* has hunted up a description of it, which is as follows:

The dress was a loose muslin robe, drawn up and festooned at the right knee so as to show the whole of the leg. The robe passed under the left breast, which was left entirely naked, and was fastened above the left hip. Both arms were naked from the shoulder; their length was relieved only by two bracelets. The effect of this dress I shall not attempt to describe, but the gentlemen all allowed that it was fascinating in the extreme. The ladies have dispensed entirely with the chemise, as the folds of it, they say, prevent their elegant shapes from being seen; and the taffeta robes they wear are suited to display every grace in the most striking manner.

The Dead of Harper's Ferry.—Some curiosity has been expressed to ascertain the disposition made by the Virginians of the bodies of the insurgents at Harper's Ferry.—We learn from a private source, a letter from a gentleman in Virginia to his friends in this State, that the corpse of one of the sons of Brown was taken for dissection, to the Medical Hospital at Winchester. There it lay for a day or two, exposed naked to the view of crowds who thronged the place, to gratify their curiosity; and such was the venom excited by the object, that the chivalrous Virginians, in numberless instances, kicked the body of young Brown, as it lay a ghastly, bloody corpse, on the floor at their feet.—*Cin. Com.*

Toll the Bells.—Every Church which looks with favor upon Old John Brown, should toll its bell on the day of his execution. Every Church which does not look with favor upon the old man, is expected to keep its bell still.

But the bells of the city—the court house, and all the fire bells—should be tolled on that day. It would show to the people of Chicago that our authorities have no sympathy with slavery, and that they are independent enough to exhibit the feeling that animates the great majority of our citizens at the present time.—*Chicago Democrat, of yesterday.*

THE CITY.

Teachers' Institute.

The Teachers' Institute, to be held in this city under the direction of Chancellor Barnard, of our State University, will commence its session at the Spring Street Congregational Church *this* (Thursday) evening, at 7 o'clock. The introductory address will be delivered by the Chancellor. The pupils of the Second Ward High School, under the charge of Professor Kurstiner, will furnish the music. The public are invited to attend.

To-morrow, the Institute will meet in the Seventh Ward High School, at 9 o'clock A. M. In the evening, Professor Butler, of the State University, will deliver an address in the Spring Street Congregational Church. We hope to see a good attendance of our citizens, during the day and evening exercises.

Professor Russell will occupy a portion of the time this evening, in remarks on the "Culture of the Voice," and will give, to-morrow and Friday, class instructions on the same subject. The teachers of our Public Schools, the pupils in our High Schools and in the Female College, are especially invited to attend Professor Russell's instructive lectures. He is probably the best Elocutionist in the country, and such an opportunity ought not to be neglected.

Base Ball.—This game, now so popular at the East, is about to be introduced in our own city. A very spirited *impromptu* match was played on the Fair Ground, Spring Street Avenue, yesterday afternoon, six on a side, with the following result:

	1st innings.	2d do.	3d do.	Total.
J. L. Hathaway	0	2	3	5
F. J. Bosworth	4	0	0	1
C. Steele	4	0	3	7
F. Clarke	3	2	3	8
L. Sexton	3	2	0	5
H. Sands	1	1	3	5
F. J. Hill	1	2	0	3
	16	9	15	40
R. King	2	2	3	7
L. D. Castle	2	0	3	5
H. Barclay	1	2	0	3
J. P. C. Cottrill	2	1	1	5
C. B. Allen	2	2	3	7
J. Ledyard	2	1	3	6
F. B. Hill	1	0	1	2
	15	8	14	35

Should the weather be fair, the return match will be played, on the same ground, at 2 o'clock this (Thursday) afternoon.

Remarks upon Rev. Dr. Cooke's Sermon on Thanksgiving Day.—The remarks made by the Rev. W. A. Bartlett, of Brooklyn Tabernacle, as published in your Monday's issue, I offer as a plea for the following corrections of a Sermon by the Rev. Dr. Cooke, delivered on Thanksgiving Day, at the Summerfield M. E. Church, and reported in the *Wisconsin* of Friday last. The basis upon which he states the political and social rights of Englishmen are founded, is erroneous. I shall merely make corrections as suggested in said report. There is no property qualification required for Members of Parliament who are the people's representatives. The franchise in cities is based upon citizenship, or a (£10) ten pound rental, with payment of taxes and limited time of residence in districts and wards. I believe the common people of plebian rank are respectfully treated, and encouraged to practice virtue and exercise Christian charity towards all men, and to render honor to whom honor is due. I exercised the franchise, but never paid a farthing tithe, and tens of thousands have done likewise. When I left England the Lord Mayor of London was a well-known Methodist; the Mayors of Liverpool and Birmingham were Methodists—the latter was also re-elected for the second term and Knighted during his Mayoralty. A Presbyterian was Mayor of the city of Worcester. Many other cases may be referred to, clearly showing that there is no proscriptive policy in the election of corporate bodies; neither kings or nobles nor any other power dare, with impunity, interfere with the people's rights in such matters. I may, with much reason, enlarge upon the political points referred to, but the above will suffice.

GEORGE SOUTHWELL, Sr.

Franklin Lyceum.—A number of men, actuated by the desire to promote the mental and moral standing of themselves and their fellow citizens in the Fifth and Eighth Wards, have formed themselves into a society under the above name.

The object of the Association is moral and mental improvement. The means to be employed to attain these objects, shall be:

1. The establishment of a Library and Reading Room.

2. Debates and Lectures.

On the 24th of November (Thanksgiving Day) they held a meeting in their reading room, adopted their constitution and rules, and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: J. C. U. Neiderman, President, J. G. Trentlage, Secretary; W. Leitsch, Treasurer; H. A. Trentlage, Librarian.

The reading room is in the German Ev. Luth. School House, on Mineral street, and is open every evening from 7 to 10 o'clock, during the winter. The young men of the Fifth and Eighth Wards are cordially invited to join, for we believe that such an institution as the "Franklin Lyceum" is intended to be, is one of the wants of this section of the city.

J. C. U. NEIDERMAN, Pres't.
J. G. Trentlage, Sec'y.

Protestant Orphan Asylum Fair.—This Fair commenced at Albany Hall, yesterday, and will be continued to-day. The display of useful and fancy articles is quite attractive, and the refreshment tables are loaded with delicacies. The dinner served up by the Lady Managers, yesterday, from 12 to 3 o'clock, was a sumptuous one, and many partook of it. A still better entertainment will be provided to-day, and it deserves to be patronized by the public generally.

Municipal Court, Nov. 30th.—William Hopper, larceny, discontinued on payment of cost.

Michael Ermer and Emily Bailey, violating liquor ordinance; penalty $28,00 in each case, and costs to be divided.

Justus Reinhold unauthorized insurance agent; postponed to Dec. 7.

John C. Albright, threatening to kill; discharged.

Receipts of Wheat at Milwaukee and Chicago.—Receipts of wheat at Chicago last week were only 85,383 bushels, Milwaukee as usual taking the lead by upwards of *forty-two thousand* bushels, the receipts here for the same period amounting to 127,522 bush. The preponderance of Chicago over Milwaukee as a grain market, "grows small by degrees and beautifully less."

"A Stitch in Time Saves Nine."—We notice many of the fine dwelling houses in this city are being fitted up with Bradstreet's Weather Strips and Mouldings. They are certainly good articles, and much needed upon every door and window, and give a beautiful finish to outside appearances. Bradstreet is stopping at one of the hotels, but we do not remember which one.

Personal.—Governor Randall passed through this city, yesterday, on his way to Washington, on business of the State. He expects to be absent from two to three weeks.

Annual Dinner of the St. Andrew's Society.

A large assemblage of the Sons of Scotia took place last evening at the Newhall, the occasion being the Festival of St. Andrew. Several of the company were tastefully dressed in national costumes, and the entire assemblage wore sprigs of heather from the Grampian Hills in their button-holes.

After partaking of a sumptuous repast, in which the unctuous Haggis formed no unimportant part, James Mitchell, the President, made a few remarks, stating that about a year ago, the Scotchmen of Milwaukee, believing that they ought not to be without a St. Andrew's Society, took measures to perfect an organization bearing that name, and we have convened this evening for the first time, to celebrate Old Scotia's many virtues. Our objects are of a purely benevolent nature: to take care of those in sickness and in death, to see their remains consigned to our common mother.

The speaker made a few complimentary remarks in reference to those present who were not Scotchmen, and then announced the first regular toast:

The Day and Its Honor.

Which was responded to by Judge McArthur, who said:

Although born in Scotland and owing allegiance to Saint Andrew, this was the first time I ever had the pleasure of participating in a festival to his honor. As I do not feel competent for a public effort, I have tho't it might be interesting to learn who this Saint Andrew is, and will occupy your time but a moment in a glance at the accounts which we have of him. History has transmitted two accounts. It would appear from the first that a certain monk, in the fourth century, having heard that Constantine had determined to remove the remains of a certain Saint to Constantinople, by some means procured these remains, and, according to the tradition, landed with them at St. Andrews, and I belive an edifice still stands there, and is known as St. Regulus. This is the legend of Saint Andrew the Martyr, not the Apostle. The other account is from an old manuscript and states that Hungis, the king of the Scotch Picts, invaded Northumberland, and on his return home was met by a Saxon King with a large army.

During the night, a large portion of which was spent by the King of the Picts in prayer, and the remainder in sleep, he had a vision in which St. Andrew appeared by his side looking on with favor and promised him victory. The battle took place, in the midst of which, a large cross appeared in the air having a strong resemblance to the letter X and the Saxons becoming frightened at the preternatural display, the Picts gained the victory. In commemoration of this victory he erected a shrine, St. Andrew was enscribed on the coin of the kingdom and was adopted as the national saint.

The speaker then paid a tribute to the poets of Scotland and closed his remarks by the sentiment—

"The Day we all Celebrate."

Second regular toast:

The Queen—God bless Her—Drunk standing, with three cheers. Music—"God save the King."

Third regular toast:

The President of the United States—With three cheers. Drunk standing. Music—"Star Spangled Banner."

The fourth regular toast:

The Worthies of Scotland:—Springing from all classes of our people, their glory is their common heritage, while they shine in the foremost rank with

"The few, the immortal names
That were not born to die."

To this, Mr. James Macallister responded as follows:

Mr. President:—I am deeply sensible of the magnitude of the task I undertake in rising to speak to the sentiment which has just been read. I feel as if I were standing in the presence of Scotland's illustrious dead, her patriot martyrs, poets, philosophers, all who have glorified her name and carried her renown to the remotest shores; overcome by the awe-inspiring vision, my tongue refuses to give utterance to the emotions that crowd my heart. But it would be ungrateful in us, to let this occasion pass without offering our tribute of praise at the shrine of those departed worthies, who are the proudest inheritance of every Scottish heart, and whom the world has canonized among

"The few, the immortal names
That were not born to die."

It is fitting, as we meet to recall the memories of dear auld Scotland, not only that we recall the charms of her landscapes, and the virtues of her sons and daughters, but that we raise our pean in honor of those exalted souls who have given her rugged rocks and desolate glens, a higher meaning and a nobler consecration than belongs to the fairest lands and mightiest empires of Earth. The greatness of a nation springs not from the extent of its dominions, nor the richness of its material advantages; but from the master-minds it raises up to clothe its scenery with grand and beautiful associations, and to immortalize the spirit of its people in heroic deed or deathless song. Herein consists the fame and glory of Scotland. I do not forget the majesty of her hills, the wildness of her moor-lands, the loveliness of her lakes, or the fairy nooks of beauty, where the daisy and the blue-bell bloom. There are many countries where Nature wears a more attractive aspect, but what land will match with this little isle of the sea, for the greatness of her sons?

Scotchmen are sometimes blamed for their intense nationality; but should not our great heritage of illustrious names knit us to the land of our sires with bands that no mortal hand can ever untie? It is the identification of these men with their own country in all they did, or said, that so endeared them to us.

Was it not for Scotland Wallace bled? Was it not for Scotland's religion the Covenanters lived in caves, endured the most horrible tortures and perished at the stake or on the scaffold? Was it not for Scotland that Knox lived so brave a life, with no fear of the face of man in his heart? Was it not for "puir auld Scotland's sake" that Burns poured forth his immortal songs, and Scott wrote his peerless romances?

* * * * *

And now, to conclude, let me say that, standing here with the names of these worthies fresh upon my lips, I feel prouder than ever that it is my birthright to share the glory of their fame. I love Scotland because she counts them among the number of her children.

I know, sir, that your heart, and the heart of every Scotchman here swells with the same emotions, and that all are ready to burst forth with one voice in the benediction of the poet:

"Blessings be with them, and eternal praise!"

Fifth toast: We understood it to be—

"The land of our birth and the land of our adoption."

Responded to by Mr. Mitchell.

Music.—A man's a man for a that.

After which a poem of much feeling and merit was delivered in excellent style by Mr. McGregor.

The lateness of the hour forbid our staying any later, and we left the company enjoying themselves highly.

Dramatic Readings.—Mr. Alexander Lunsden will give an entertainment on Friday evening at Good Templars' Hall, to consist of Dramatic Readings, for the benefit of the Library of the M. C. Total Abstinence Society of this city.

The Adjourned Sale of Chattel Mortgage Furniture, at the Hotel Wettstein, takes place this morning at 10 o'clock. There is yet some very choice furniture to be sold, and it will be closed out to-day.

Gift Enterprise—Postponement.—Owing to the late bad weather, the drawing of Mrs. Fox's Gift Enterprise has been postponed until next Saturday evening, Dec. 3d. It will come off, as before announced, at Reis' Hall, Market building.

Rents.—J. S. Fillmore has a new brick house with furnace, gas, water, &c., on three years lease, and the brick house on Jefferson street, near Wisconsin street, to rent.

Caleb Wall, City Auctioneer, sells this morning a lot of groceries, tea, indigo, nutmegs, beans, tobacco, &c., &c. Sale commences at 10 o'clock.

City and County Orders.—J. S. Fillmore will buy City and County Orders at the highest market price.

New Publications.—Harper's Magazine for December; The Illustrated London Almanac for 1860; "Phunny Phellaw" for Dec. Everything in the periodical and book line that is new, is on hand at 25 Wisconsin St
oct27d58d1y W. E. TUNIS & CO.

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OFFICE UNDER STATE BANK,
ON EAST WATER STREET.

Payments on Forfeited School and University Lands must be made at Madison, before December 6th. I have made arrangements to attend to these payments. EDWARD P. ALLIS.
Nov23j2d1 w.

Western Union and Wisconsin State Telegraph
Office—Free Democrat Block, Milwaukee.

Connections with all lines East. The Wisconsin State Lines run from Milwaukee to La Crosse, Fond du Lac and Waupun, on railroad routes. Also, from Milwaukee to Janesville, Madison, Watertown and Prairie du Chien. Stations at all important intermediate points.

☞ Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
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☞ Subscribe for and Advertise in the *Manitowoc Tribune*, Daily and Weekly. The *Tribune* is the largest weekly, and the *only* daily paper north of Milwaukee. Terms, cash in advance. Smith & Stone, Publishers dtf

☞ To Merchants.—Advertise in the *Republican*, Gravesville, Calumet Co., J. N. Stone Editor and Proprietor. aug1l061dtf

☞ Drs. Julian & Edwards, Private Physicians, Office, 184 Main street, Milwaukee, Wis. my23d3ly

E. TOWNSEND MIX,
ARCHITECT.
PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FURnished, and Buildings superintended on reasonable terms. Office on corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, in Ludington's Block jan2j

DIED:

It is our painful duty to inform our friends that our beloved husband and father, CHARLES WERNER, expired yesterday morning at half-past three o'clock, after a long and painful sickness, in the 39th year of his age.

The funeral will take place on Friday, December 2nd, at 2 o'clock P. M., from our residence, corner of Second and Cedar streets.

The Widow and Children.

CHOICE FARMING LANDS!

The Fox & Wisconsin Improvement Co.
NOW OFFER FOR SALE THEIR Lands in the following Counties of the State of Wisconsin:

	Acres.
Adams Co	1,000
Brown Co	15,000
Bad Ax Co	1,000
Clark Co	40,000
Calumet Co	1,000
Crawford Co	8,000
Columbia Co	1,000
Chippewa Co	1,000
Dunn Co	14,000
Dane Claire Co	9,000
Fond du Lac Co	1,700
Jamesti Co	1,000
Jackson Co	5,000
Kewaunee Co	15,000
Marathon Co	9,000
Marquette Co	37,000
Oconto Co	14,000
Portage Co	41,000
Richland Co	1,000
St. Croix Co	9,000
Sauk Co	1,000
Shawano Co	32,000
Trempealeau Co	7,000
Waupaca Co	31,000
Waushara Co	32,000

The above list comprises some of the very choicest farming, prairie, heavy timber, oak opening and pine lands in the State, and unceasing water powers of the first importance.

These lands were selected years ago, with regard to contiguity to market, and are therefore the very best selections in regard to soil and location to be found anywhere in the "Great North-West."

The Fox & Wisconsin Improvement Co., will soon have completed the great Canal through Central Wisconsin, which connects Lake Michigan with the Mississippi River. A majority of these lands being within a few miles of this great improvement, will have unequalled facilities for shipping their products to all markets.

For further information, enquire of Robert Smith, Agent of Trustees, or Daniel Lane, General Agent, at the Land Department, Appleton, Wis., or of

W. H. RODWAY, Co.'s Agent
my17l208d1y1atp 12 Wisconsin st., Milwaukee, Wis.

Citizens of Milwaukee!
Bradstreet has arrived at the Walker House, where he will remain for a few days with that most useful article, Weather Strips and moldings.
EVERY OUTSIDE
EVERY OUTSIDE
DWELLING HOUSE
DWELLING HOUSE
DOOR AND WINDOWS
DOOR AND WINDOWS
NEED THIS
NEED WEATHER STRIP
WEATHER STRIP
AND MOLDINGS
MOLDINGS
☞ Give him a call. nov22l3td3t

COMPOUND CAMPHOR ICE,
WITH GLYCERINE,
For Chapped Hands and Face, Sore Lips, Sunburn, &c.

THE VIRTUES OF BOTH CAMPHOR and GLYCERINE for the above affections of the Skin, are too well known to need comment. My effort has been to combine them in a convenient and agreeable form, for the Toilet.
Prepared and for sale by
J. M. ALLCOTT,
Druggist and Chemist,
208 East Water Street, Mil.
nov19d6dlmistpp

SCOTCH WHISKEY!
DIRECTLY IMPORTED!!
I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A PUNCHEON of pure
Scotch Whiskey,
Directly imported from Scotland, to which I would call the attention of all lovers of the real "MOUNTAIN DEW."
Sold at retail by PHILIPP SCHOENHALS, Reed street, 3rd door from corner Lake Side, Lower Point, Milwaukee. nov22l9d3w

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
I HAVE THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY which I want to exchange for Dry Goods, or any other description of Goods:
First—A good Farm in Juneau County, Wisconsin; twenty-five acres under fence and in cultivation; a log cabin, such as would were accustomed to live in when we first came to this country, twenty-five years ago; a good stream of water running through the entire farm; 40 acres of it is heavy timber. A large settlement surrounds the said farm.
Second—I have that large brown house, opposite Post Office on Wisconsin st., which contains about twenty-five rooms and rents for about one thousand dollars.
Third—I have two horses, one perfectly sound, kind and gentle; the other is somewhat founded, but take the pair together and they make a good team for family use. Also, in connection, I have a carriage, buggy, cutter, sleigh, two set harnesses, two side saddles, two moral saddles, three bridles, whip, &c., &c.
Fourth—I have three hundred acres of school land in Marquette County, Wis. This land has been selected, as all other school lands. Now, all the above property, Mr. creditor, is for Dry Goods, &c., or for any good city property. The said property is free from all incumbrances. CALEB WALL,
sep17 City Land Office.

DRY LUMBER.
Mabbett & Breed are Selling Out!
AND OFFER TO SELL DRY LUMBER AS CHEAP AS OTHERS SELL GREEN. They Also Lend It in the Cars Free of Expense
dec2d4dlylstr

SKATES AND STRAPS.
JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE ASSORTment of Common and Fancy Skates and Skate straps, among which are a few pair very fine. Call and examine. R. J. NAZRO & CO.

TO THE PUBLIC.
WE KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND Sardine Scissors, Champagne openers, Cork Screws, Corkers and Plated Nut Crackers, Nut Picks, Fine Ivory Handled Table Cutlery of the best make, Butter Knives, Plated Tea and Table Spoons, Plated Forks, "Rogers Bro. A 1 Stamp," Fine Embroidery Scissors, Common Scissors and Shears, Fine Pocket Cutlery, &c. R. J. NAZRO & CO.

ANGUS, SMITH & CO.,
STORAGE, FORWARDING
And Commission Merchants,
PROPRIETOR OF THE LARGE ELEvator Warehouse at the terminus of the Milwaukee & Mississippi, and the Milwaukee, Watertown & Baraboo Valley Railroads. Liberal advance made on property in store, or for shipments to eastern markets. oct28d6dly

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS TO ADvance on Dry Goods, &c., &c. Advance most for thirty days. CALEB WALL.

MORTAR HOES.
A FEW OF THE ABOVE ON HAND made expressly for mixing Mortar.
R. J. NAZRO & CO.

ISINGLASS.—COOPER'S REFINED, IN sheet and shred for sale by
EDWARD TRUESDALE, 118 East Water st

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

Later by the Steamer Bohemian.

New York, Nov. 30—9 P. M.

No announcement has been yet made regarding the approaching Congress of powers.

A leader in the London Times says: We still require to know in plain, frank and undiplomatic language, what it is that the Emperor requires us to enact as a member of the Great Council of European nations. An English Minister must have something much more consistent upon the subject of the Duchies, than the statement in Count Walewski's circular, before he would be justified in committing his country to any part in the Congress for the settlement of the Italian difficulties.

A splendid new three-decker, named the Victoria, was launched at Portsmouth on the 12th inst., in presence of the Queen and the Royal family.

The Earl De Grey is dead.

The Times, in an article, says there is no doubt that the feeling of hostility against England is more bitter in France than since 1835, and charges the French Government with directly encouraging it.

The enrollment of 80,000 men as a naval marine force, will commence in England on the 1st of January.

A serious mutiny took place on board of the ship-of-the-line Princess Royal, lying at Portsmouth. Over a hundred of the men were placed in irons.

France.—Le Presse says an extraordinary credit of thirty millions of francs is to be devoted by the Government to the Chinese expedition.

The Daily News, Star, and Post of London, condemn the article in the Times on the war feeling in France. The Post regards it as a wicked and wanton alarm.

The London papers say the demand for money has been active at the former rates.—The applications at the bank exceeded the average. Funds opened heavily on Tuesday, under unfavorable forebodings, and declined 1-8a1-4; the market rallied, however, and closed at about 1 1-4 above the quotations of the previous day. Two and half per cent. is the minimum for money in most quarters, whilst many houses ask 2 5-8a2 3-4.

France.—The Marseilles papers state that instructions from the French government have been received at Alexandria, to prevent any act that would interfere with the Suez Canal Co. whose works continue.

Le Presse makes a crushing reply to the anti-English pamphlet of the editor of the Siecle.

The house of Voquerl, of Toulon, had failed, with liabilities amounting to 8,000,000 francs.

Wheat and flour were higher in most of the French markets. On the Paris Bourse rents closed at 70f.

Italy.—Chevalier Buoncompagny enters immediately upon the discherge of the functions of Regent of Central Italy.

Rumors are current of a ministerial crisis at Turin on the Regency question; but they are denied.

The Paris correspondent of the London Herald, reports that Austria, at the last hour, positively refused to

MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL, THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 1, 1859.

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY.

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 1, 1859.

A FALSE CHARGE REFUTED.

An Irishman's Reasons for Quitting the Democracy.

Just after election the editor of the Neenah *Democrat* wrote to the *News*, giving the vote of Neenah and Menasha, with the following excuse for the unsatisfactory result in the latter town:—"In the town of Menasha, the Irish votes were, through the treachery of certain prominent Irishmen, sold out to the Republicans." We expressed, at the time, our doubts about the story, and looked to see its contradiction. The last number of the Menasha *Conservator* brings the expected contradiction, in the shape of a spicy letter from MICHAEL HOGAN, one of the "prominent Irishmen" referred to, addressed to his accuser, indignantly denying the charge, and defining, at length, his own political position. We make some extracts from the letter:

MY POLITICAL POSITION.

I have for some time felt it my duty to abandon that party whose professions and practices are so much at variance. I, in common with most of my countrymen, attached myself to the so-called Democratic party, for the reason that that party professed to be the friend of the laboring man, and particularly those of foreign birth. I have been long enough in that party to know that their professions are false, and made only to delude the ignorant in order to secure their votes, and when secured their rights and interests are ignored, and the power thus created is used to oppress and degrade a large majority of those whose suffrage created it.

THE TARIFF MEASURE.

The laboring and mechanical interests of our latitude require a protective tariff. Our country is depressed, times are hard, laborers are thrown out of employment, or are compelled to work for a pittance hardly sufficient to support life, from the fact that there are no restrictions upon foreign importations. Our country is flooded with the labor of the old world in exchange for the Gold and Silver required at home. This is the result of Democratic rule, and all the hardships and degradation the laboring Democrat of the North and West now suffers is the direct result of his vote.

RIVER AND HARBOR IMPROVEMENT.

Our Commercial interests are suffering and millions of dollars and hundreds of valuable lives are annually sacrificed, for the want of appropriations which Democracy in its wisdom deems proper to withhold from us, and bestow upon a more southern and Democratic latitude.

THE HOMESTEAD BILL.

The millions of landless poor, from Ireland, England, Germany, &c, by whose sufferages the Democratic party have maintained the ascendency, had a right to expect that the Homestead Bill would receive a hearty support from their hands. But we were doomed to disappointment, and our only hope in this as well as other measures enumerated was in the triumph of those whom we had labored to defeat.

THE SOCIAL CONDITION OF THE LABORER.

Labor is the poor man's capital. In a Republican Government it should be respected. It is honorable even in the Monarchial Governments of the Old World, but in this country we see a persistent effort to degrade labor. Democratic Senators and Representatives in Congress declare, and the sentiment is echoed by the press and sanctioned by the party, that labor is the legitimate sphere of Slaves. That Slavery is the natural condition of the laborer, &c. That labor should be owned and not hired, thus striking a blow at the very liberties of nine-tenths of the Democratic voters of the North, and no voice of condemnation or opposition is raised to protect us, but by those whom we have been taught to regard as our political enemies.

KNOW-NOTHINGISM.

Once in each year, the dead and defunct carcass of Know-Nothingism is brought out, and dressed up in fantastic robes to frighten Irishmen and Germans with. But when the smoke and dust of the battle has cleared away we survey the ground and find that Massachusetts, Republican, and South Carolina, Democratic States, have trampled upon the rights of foreign-born citizens alike. I also see this step on the part of these two States, condemned by the Republican State conventions of every other State, while the Democratic Conventions have no word of censure for South Carolina. I see under the Administration of James Buchanan, the rights of naturalized citizens shamefully trampled upon. The position of Gen. Cass, in his letter to Mr. Le Clerc, called down the unjustified reprobation of the Republican press, but no word of censure from the Democracy.

I see that many of the Democratic States make *property* and not *manhood* the basis of suffrage and some exclude every man from office who is not the owner of *ten slaves*. If this is Democracy, please count me out.

CONCLUSION.

I wish to dictate to no man. I would buy no man. And God knows I would not disgrace my countrymen by "selling them," if I could. I always supposed a man had a right to exercise his own judgment and follow the dictates of his own conscience, in the disposition of his vote. If it is "treachery" to exercise the rights of a freeman, then amend the Constitution of our Country to conform to this Democratic Code. If the Democratic party has arrived at the point of desperation, where it requires its members to be deaf, blind and senseless, to every principle not enunciated by its leaders, if we must sacrifice our own manhood and sense of right under the penalty of being branded a "traitor," and having our "treachery" heralded through the public prints in prose and poetry, it is time that party went into dissolution. If you, Sir, wish to bow your neck to the yoke of your masters, and be the obedient ass of tyrants, may you be blessed with the privilege. But I hope God will be as merciful to you as he was to *one* of old and open your mouth before you die, to rebuke those who ride you. MICHAEL HOGAN.

Consoling Themselves.

The Republicans claim that they have achieved a more glorious victory this fall in New York, than ever before, notwithstanding the defeat of all their nominees, except those which were put on the Know-Nothing ticket, and elected by Know-Nothing votes. —*News.*

The Republicans have abundant reasons for rejoicing over the result in New York. For the first time since their party was organized, they have been able to elect a candidate for a State office by a clear majority over the combined Know-Nothing and Democratic vote. At every preceding election they have been in a popular minority of from *forty to sixty thousand votes*. Now, on the average of the State and Legislative tickets, they are handsomely ahead, while in the Senate and Assembly their majority is the largest they have ever had. These are pretty substantial grounds of comfort and satisfaction.

A VICTIM OF "FANATICISM."—Only a day or two since, the *News* took us to task for copying a statement from the Madison *Patriot*, the central organ of Wisconsin Democracy, that LION SILVERMAN had lost thousands of Democratic votes because he was a Jew. Yesterday the *News* published a communication, reciting in allegorical form the incidents of the late canvass, in which the writer says that the Democracy "were compelled to throw overboard one good and brave man, to save the old ship from going down amidst the whirlwinds of popular prejudice and fury, and being forever engulphed *beneath the hellish billows of fanaticism.*" Of course, the allusion is to Mr. SILVERMAN, whom the day before, the *News* permitted another, correspondent to denounce as an unfit and untrustworthy candidate for State Treasurer, and at the same time to deny that his defeat was at all owing to "fanaticism." We are curious to see to which side of the question the *News* will finally incline.

PLEASANT FOR JEEMS.—The Young Men's National Democratic Association, of Cincinnati, have elected JAMES J. FARAN, editor of the *Enquirer*, and lately removed from the post office of that city by Mr. BUCHANAN, as President of the Association for the ensuing year. This is done, we suppose, by way of endorsement of the DOUGLAS proclivities of Mr. FARAN, and to testify their dissatisfaction at his removal.

KIT CARSON.—The Washington *Constitution* discredits the reported death of this famous ranger, and says that no intelligence of the kind has been received by the Department of Indian affairs. The St. Louis *Republican* also pronounces it a fable.

The Pardon of Cook.

From the Richmond Enquirer, Nov. 24th.

Strange as it may appear, there is on foot a greater effort, if possible, for the pardon of John E. Cook than was made for Old Brown. We are informed by the North Iowa *Times*, that efforts are being made upon the press of the North Western States to effect this object. We do not feel the extreme disgust for this attempt that is expressed by the North Iowa *Times*, because we know how little the character of Gov. Wise is understood by those who think that mercy from him can be *bought* by political favor or extorted by personal threat.

Those who understand the character of Henry A. Wise, know that if he believed that Cook deserved pardon, it would be extended to him, though opposed by every paper in the broad limits of our country—*he is the most guilty of all the Charlestown prisoners.* So far from his being the dupe of Old Brown, Cook is the victim of John E. Cook.

Cook misled Brown, deceived him, and imposed upon all the pri-oners; he gave descriptions of the persons of those who fled. Had Cook, who lived two years in Virginia, while engaged in planning this very crime, made known to Old Brown the actual state of the negroes, had he informed Old Brown that he had not been able to induce one slave to join, and that no effort was to be expected from the non-slaveholders, Old Brown had too much shrewdness not to have seen the folly upon which he was engaged, and he would have abandoned the undertaking. Cook searried in Virginia for the express purpose of better concealing his designs, and not arousing suspicion; he is doubly criminal, for he sought the destruction of those near and dear to his wife. Cook had visited and been hospitably entertained at Gov. Wise's residence. Cook *surely* knew from actual experiment that without large reinforcements from the North the attempt must fail; and hence he was the first to fly, and he planned his flight before hand, leaving his deluded comrades to meet the fate his deceptions had brought upon them. Does such a criminal deserve pardon? We do not believe any unbiassed mind can, in the case of such facts, desire the pardon of this man.

The fact of his connection with Gov. Willard, while it will, doubtless, increase the regret which an Executive always feels in withholding pardon, will have no influence in the present case. When men have connections in his position, it should be a restraint upon their conduct, and if such connection does not thus influence the vicious, it should never be permitted to become an incentive to crime by the precedent of pardon.

The *North Iowa Times* thinks "that Virginia can afford to spare the craziest man of the lunane band." Virginia has never even submitted to trial a crazy man, much less an "insane band." These men are not *crazy*—and if any man believes them crazy we have already pointed out the mode by which our laws provide for testing the sanity. Let any try it who believe them crazy.

The Richmond *Enquirer*, the personal organ of Gov. WISE, must be admitted to be good authority as to the relative guilt of COOK and Old BROWN. COOK, according to the *Enquirer*, was "the most guilty of all the Charlestown prisoners." In politics, COOK was a Democrat and he is a brother-in-law of Gov. WILLARD, the Democratic Governor of Indiana. Hence, according to the logic of the Richmond *Enquirer* and its Northern Doughface allies, the Democracy in general and Gov. WILLARD in particular, are convicted of complicity in the Harper's Ferry plot, and of active participation in the "irrepressible conflict."

GRAIN BUSINESS OF WINONA.—In a recent issue we alluded to the rapidly increasing importance of Winona, Minnesota, as a grain market for the Upper Mississippi Country.—We have now the figures before us which verify this statement. The *Republican* states, after careful enquiry, that during the present season, up to the 24th inst., there have been shipped from Winona **154,512** bushels of grain, and the receipts continue so large that every available building is now used for storage. Should the ice-boat project succeed, and good prices prevail during the coming winter, the surplus grain of Minnesota will not wait the opening of navigation to come to market.

GERRIT SMITH.—The *Tribune* has seen a letter from the resident physician at the Utica Asylum, dated the 21st, which says that GERRIT SMITH continues to improve. On the previous evening he slept six hours continuously. He has begun to realize his condition fully, and appreciates the importance of his medical treatment, as well as acquieces in all the means used for his restoration. Information from Peterboro is to the effect that his family regard his cure as certain.

The Chevalier Webb on Hanging.

From the Herald of Wednesday.

The Chevalier says that "if Brown is sane" he should be hung, and that "every Abolitionist who would interfere with slavery where it constitutionally exists, is a traitor to the Union and merits death. And yet the Chevalier's first choice for the Presidency is W. H. Seward, whose programme is perpetual war upon Slavery until it shall have been abolished in every State of the Union.

The following extract from Mr. Seward's Rochester speech, which the *Herald* so studiously *suppresses*, is our best answer to its constant flings at that great statesman:

"It remains to say on this point only one word, *to guard against misapprehension.* If these States are to again become universally slaveholding, I do not pretend to say with what violations of the Constitution that end shall be accomplished. On the other hand, while I do confidently *believe and hope* that my country will yet become a land of universal Freedom, *I do not expect that it will be made so* OTHERWISE *than through the action of the Slave* STATES *co-operating with the Federal Government, and all acting in strict conformity with their respective constitutions.*"

Will the *Herald* and those concerned in the Fifth Avenue Movement, have the hardihood to say, that the resolution adopted by them in relation to the Hon. William H. Seward, was truthful and in conformity with his Rochester speech? And if not, is it *honest* to continue to slander and traduce him, and systematically to conceal from the people what he did say at Rochester? We do not agree with Mr. Seward in the abstract opinion that ultimately the States must all be free or all Slave States; but we insist there was nothing in his much abused speech in relation to the abolition of Slavery, which Washington and Madison and Jefferson, if living, would not have endorsed. He clearly and distinctly admits that Slavery is a local and State institution, and one with which the Slave *States* only, can deal; and therefore, he makes proclamation, that while he hopes his country may yet become a land of universal freedom, he does not expect such a result "*otherwise than through the action of the Slave States.*" What more can any State Rights man desire? And yet, for thus expressing a sentiment which did him honor, he is branded as a *Traitor* by the *Herald*, and what is of far more consequence, men of wealth and character composing the Fifth Avenue organization, deliberately endorsed the libellous charge!—*N. Y. Courier & Enquirer.*

SUPREME COURT—TUESDAY, Nov. 29, '59. Helden vs. Helden. Motion to nullify judgment for costs, denied with costs.

Central Bank vs. Boyd. Motion by appellant for Attorney's fees, denied with costs.

Sunderland vs. Boyd. Same as preceding.

Bird vs. Morrison. Motion for an order, &c., denied with costs.

Helden vs. Helden. Motion to dismiss granted. Motion to withdraw bond and discharge sureties denied.

Fairchild vs. Rasdell. Motion for modification of judgment allowed as to costs, and cause remanded, with directions that the bill may be dismissed without prejudice to the rights of creditors.

Lackner vs. Salmon. Motion for rehearing denied with costs.

Green vs. Westcott. Motion for modification of judgment denied with costs.

State ex rel. Edgar vs. Supervisors, &c. Order refusing to grant a peremptory mandamus affirmed with costs.

Blair vs. Cary. Order setting aside alias writ reversed with costs and cause remanded,

Diedricks vs. Stronachs. Decree affirmed with costs and five per cent. damages in addition to interest.

Court adjourned until Dec. 14th.

WHAT MR. DOUGLAS THINKS ABOUT THE NEXT PRESIDENCY.—The New York correspondent of the Mobile *Register* writes that journal as follows:

One of the gentlemen at my room had left Washington only a few hours previous. He had spent some hours with Mr. Douglas. He reported the Chief calm and collected—not at all nervous about the Presidential nomination. He (Douglas) said that he was not at all anxious to be nominated at Charleston—far from it. He believes that no other Democrat stands the remotest chance of being elected, if nominated. He does not regard his own chances of election as by any means flattering. The evident bitter, personal, malignant hatred of the President, who has said on several occasions that he prefers Seward as his successor rather than Douglas, is discouraging; and my visitor said that he left Mr. Douglas convinced that the latter, if he saw any hope for any other Democrat being elected, if nominated, would cheerfully withdraw his own name from the canvass of 1860. This must not be. It would ruin and scatter us here North like a flock of sheep with the wolf amongst them.

THE THANKLESS STATES.—Twenty-six out of the thirty-three States of this Union, observed the 24th inst., as a day of Thanksgiving. The thankless States were—Arkansas, California, Louisiana, Missouri, Oregon, South Carolina and Virginia. The Territories of Kansas and Nebraska also observed the day.

Virginia certainly has cause for thanksgiving—at least should thank God that it is no worse.

SEVENTY-SIX MADISONS.

American Geography—City of Four Lakes —Aborigines—Indian Burrows—Excavations—Out-look—Progress.

From the Boston Recorder.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—While ever learning, I am never able to come to the knowledge of geography. Sitting down just now to pen you a line about this city of my adoption—Madison—I was inclined to think that few other places had contented themselves with the self-same presidential name. On turning to Harper's Gazetteer, however, I discovered that the identical common-place and unsuggestive cognomen has been chosen by fourteen counties, and no less than fifty townsin our Union, and appears as an element in the names of enough other places to make up the number of seventy-six. It is natural to exclaim: "O, the poverty of our invention!" The Arabs boast of five hundred names for the camel, we can show but one single name for well-nigh a hundred localities.

"Madison! Madison! Phœbus what a name,
To fill the speaking trump of future fame."

But the Madison of which I write, on the railroad running due West from Boston to Prairie du Chien, midway between Lake Michigan and the Mississippi—as well as the Capital of Wisconsin—is unique. Though I never saw one of its seventy-five namesakes, I am bold to say that no one of them resembles it further than in name.

We call Venice unique because it is founded on the seas and established on the floods; my Madison may be called Little Venice, or Venicedin, for it is encompassed by a girdle of Lakes. From every point of prospect and from many a parlor, when I look north I see a lake very similar in size and shape to the Sea of Galilee, stretching east and west nine miles, and more than half as many north, so that its farthest point is always dim and mystified by distance. Another lake half as large meets my eye if I turn to the south. These two lakes are well nigh confluent on the east, and on the west—a third lake-let is close at hand. From several higher look-outs, a fourth lake is in full view, and a fifth always shows itself to the guils that hover a few feet over our heads. Why was not the town called Four Lakes, or at least Mendota,—the aboriginal name of the water sheet, said to mean "*Meeting of the Waters?*" The classical mania gave us Ovid and Eureka; I wish it had styled this spot "where four seas meet," Interlachen, Pentralimneda, or Tetrathalassios.

From the Dome of University Hall you can see westward to Blue Mound, fifteen hundred feet high, the highest ground in the State, and twenty-five miles distant. Eastward, the view extends ten miles further, to Koskonong prairie. In all this expanse, land and water, cove and head-land, prairie and timber, hill and dale, sails, windmills, Indian mounds, railroads, parks, spires, and the houses of a city, blend in a landscape which must be alike the admiration and despair of many an artist.

On the core of land in the midst of these waters, was the last rallying point of Black Hawk and his braves, and as they fled hence, there occurred the last conflict between red and white men east of the great river—the battle of Bad Axe. Within the twenty-five years which have since passed, the region which calls Madison its capital—then known only to half breed hunters and French fur traders, has become the home of nearly a million of people. Foreigners, especially Norwegians, are multitudinous.—while the ruling element is of Yankee origin, but is perhaps half made up of New York Yankees, —that is of New Englanders, who, or whose fathers, tarried in the Empire Jericho, till their beards were grown.

A few wigwams still stud the Madisonian shores, for the hunting and fishing privileges are nowhere surpassed. The maple groves, here called Sugar Bushes, still show unmistakable signs of being tapped with stone hatchets. Indeed, these deep woods and deeper waters—four in number like the rivers of Eden,—must have been an aboriginal paradise throughout many a generation, for on the ridges between lake and lake, and on every swell of the rolling prairie, the rising mounds which tell the traveller where the dead repose may be counted by hundreds.—These Indian graves attracted attention so long ago that, even in the first volume of the Smithsonian collections, some of them were described and lithographed. They are *sui generis*, and unlike those in other States. While those in Ohio for instance, have the shape of squares, circles, and other mathematical figures, those in Wisconsin represent men, lizards, turtles and other animals.

Not a few of these American pyramids have been opened, and skeletons are usually brought to light. Last summer I was present at such a disinterment. At the depth of three feet we found the bones of one man, and after digging seven feet deeper, those of another. Both were in good preservation. As the head or one was toward the east, and the other's toward the west, we judged them to be of different races. Close by one was a deer's head, which we inferred to have been laid there as a viaticum—or provision for the dead man on his journey to the world beyond the tomb. One of the teeth, still in good condition, I deposited with D. K. Hitchcock, Esq., dentist, of your city.

Madison has but about ten thousand inhabitants; and Wisconsin has no veritable city except Milwaukee. How can it have when a single million of people are sprinkled over a territory as large as New England?—Yet you will call Madison no mean city, considering that it has no larger neighbor to brow-beat it, and that it is the political metropolis of a State so large that one member of its Legislature draws mileage for twenty-two hundred miles, and that its children of schoolable age, more than a year ago—numbered two hundred sixty-four thousand and seventy-eight (264,078.)

My purpose was to speak of the Historical Society, which has no rival in the West nor in more than four Eastern States; of the new Capitol; of the cream-colored building stone; of the University which overhangs the city after the fashion of an ancient Greek Acropolis; of bathing in summer till you wonder that the whole population are not web-footed; of ice-boats, with bellying sails, skimming the lakes in winter swifter than in summer; and of skates which transform the men into so many Mercuries with winged shoes, &c., &c.

But I blot too much paper, and will only end a classical motto:

Civitas ipso pulchra loco, circumspice, hic est;
Et non unius spectator Madison unde.

J. D. B.

Tobacco: A few Words in its Defence.

Tea and tobacco have long been the objects of furious invectives, but the use of both has gone on steadily increasing in spite of all opposition, and mankind is certainly not the worse either physically or morally. We live longer than our forefathers of the reign of Henry VIII., who never saw or heard of tobacco; and the decline of drunkenness amongst us seems to have kept pace with the increasing popularity of tobacco. Our Saxon progenitors were notorious drunkards, and their descendants were hard drinkers at all times between the Norman conquest and the discovery of America. The Turks, the French, and the Spaniards, who smoke much, are all essentially sober nations. "As a rule (says a recent writer) we can pronounce that all great smokers are temperate men, and most of them extremely so, very many being water-drinkers, and particularly when smoking, as the use of wine and liquors destroys the palate for the appreciation of fine tobaccos. On the other hand, very many who do not smoke, and who are the most vociferous in condemning smoking, are habitual and daily drinkers of wine, beer, and spirits.—Few drunkards smoke, at least, to any extent. If they smoke at all, it will be found that the love of drinking led to the use of tobacco; and not, as is asserted, that they were induced to drink from smoking. Many may think these remarks too bold and trenchant; but let our readers look carefully around them in their respective circles, and they will not fail to find their experience confirm our own. They may find some questionable exceptions to the rule; they may find, here and there, a sot who drinks and smokes; but take away from him his tobacco, he would be a sot still."

Like the coca chewed by the Peruvian mountaineers, tobacco assuages this desire for other stimulants. The frugal Spaniards have a proverb to this effect. "A paper cigarette, a glass of fresh water, and a kiss of a pretty girl will sustain a man for a day without eating." What a pity it was that Falstaff did not smoke, that he might have matched his famous encomium on sack with the praise of tobacco! We have spoken of "drinking" tobacco, and there is precedent for the phrase. It was constantly used until the middle of the 17th century; the catalogue of Ruben's effects, sent over by Sir Balthazer Gerbier to Charles I. in 1640, calls a Dutch picture of smokers "the tobacco-drinkers." It may be that the term originated in the custom of inhaling the smoke, and allowing it to escape through the nose; a fashion in which it was originally enjoyed by the Indians. Yet Turks talk of drinking a pipe, or drinking tobacco, just as they say that a man has eaten much stick who has been soundly bastinadoed.

Spencer in his "Fairy Queen," written soon after the introduction of the plant into England, calls it "divine tobacco," and since his day, most literary men have been addicted to the soothing pipe, that aids in concentrating their nervous energy upon intellectual labor by allaying all extraneous irritation. Some of them who indulged in the practice to the greatest excess lived to a great age.—Dr. Parr was seventy-eight when he died, and Hobbs of Malmesbury, who was very potent in smoking, had his pipe put out at the age of ninety-two. Goethe hated tobacco, a very extraordinary thing for a German to do.—Heinrich Heine had the same dislike. Of French literateurs, Balzac, Victor Hugo, and Dumas did not smoke; but the smokers are, or were, Alfred de Musset, Eugene Sue, Merimee, Paul de St. Victor, and Madame Dudevant; better known by her soubriquet George Sand, who often indulges in a cigar between the intervals of literary labor; as the ladies of Spain and Mexico delight at doing at all other intervals. Charles Lamb, "the gentle Elia," was once a great smoker. In a letter to Wordsworth he says—"Tobacco has been my evening comfort and my morning curse for these five years. I have had it in my head to write this poem for these two years, ('Farewell to Tobacco'); but tobacco stood in its own light when it gave me headaches that prevented me singing its praises."—Lamb once—in the heighth of his smoking days—was puffing coarsest weed from a long clay pipe in company with Parr, who was careful in obtaining finer sorts, and the Doctor in astonishment asked him how he acquired this "prodigious power." Lamb answered, "by toiling after it, as some men toil after virtue." Of other literary smokers in Great Britain we may note Sir Walter Scott, who at one time carried the habit very far.—So did the poet Bloomfield. Campbell, Moore, and Byron delighted in its temperate enjoyment, as does our present laureate, Tennyson, who has echoed its praises with Byron in immortal verse. The same may be said of Bulwer Lytton and Thackeray. Robert Hall, when at Cambridge, acquired the habit of smoking from being in Parr's company; and being asked why he had commenced, "I am qualifying myself for the society of a Doctor of Divinity, and this—holding up the pipe—is the test of my admission."—When presented with Clarke's pamphlet on "The Use and Abuse of Smoking," he said, "I can't refute its arguments, and I can't give up smoking." The "learned in the law," as well as the dignitaries of the church, have smoked. Lords Eldon and Stowell, and Lord Brougham in early life, indulged thus. The late Duke of Sussex and the Duke of Devonshire gave it aristocratic sanction, and George IV. royally patronized it.

Charles Lamb slandered tobacco when he accused it of giving him headaches. It has not that tendency, but gin-and-water has, and Lamb tippled this and other strong drink freely. "Folk blame the wolf," says a Servian proverb, "while beside the wolf the fox is fattening."

Chewing tobacco is a practice hardly to be commended in the abstract, and few have anything to say in its favor except those who are addicted to it. Still no generous votary of the weed can withhold his sympathy from one who is deprived of the use of it in the form which use has made dear to him. Never may it be our lot to behold a gallant sailor in woeful plight, "hard up in a clinch, with knife to cut the selsings, and no backy to chor." The following letter of a tar is touching in its earnestness:

GRAVESEND, March 24, 1813.

Dear Brother Tom—This comes hopein to find you in good health as it leaves me safe anchor'd here yesterday at 3 P. M. arter a pleasant voyage tolerable short and a few squalls—Dear Tom—hopes to find poor old father stout, and am quite out of pig-tail.—Sights of pig-tail at Gravesend, but unfortunly not fit for a dog to chor. Dear Tom, Captain's boy will bring you this, and put pig-tail in his pocket when bort. Best in London at the Black Boy in 7 dials, where go and asks for best pig-tail—pound a pig-tail will do, and am short of shirts. Dear Tom, as for shirts ony took 2 wherof one is quite wored out and tuther most, but don't forget the pig-tail, as I ain't had a quid to chor never since Thursday. Dear Tom, as for the shirts, your size will do, only longer. I likes um loug—get one at present; best at Towerhill, and cheap, but be particler to go to 7 dials for the pig-tail at the Black Boy, and Dear Tom, asks for pound best pig-tail, and let it be good. Captain's boy will put the pig-tail in his pocket, he likes pig-tail, so try it up. Dear Tom, shall be up on Monday there or thereabouts. Not so particler for the shirt, as the present can be washed, but don't forget the pig-tail without fail, so am your loving brother. T. P.

P. S.—Don't forget the pig-tail.

Amusements.

BADGER STATE BOWLING SALOON
NO. 167 MAIN STREET.

PINS AND BALLS FOR SALE, AND sent to any part of the country. F. LAURENCE.
mar28'59dly

ALBANY RESTAURANT
AND BILLIARD ROOM,
Albany Block, corner Main and Michigan Sts
OPPOSITE NEWHALL HOUSE, MILWAUKEE.
Ladies Entrance second door on Main street.
nov28'59dly

Dissolution Notices.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIPS HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of A. B. DEMOR & CO., and of DEMOR & RAYMOND, are this day mutually dissolved by mutual consent.

All notes, accounts and demands of said firm must be paid to A. B. DEDEMOR, who will settle all claims and demands against said Firm.

A. B. DEDEMOR.
FRANK RAYMOND.

Milwaukee, Nov. 15, 1859. nov16'59d2w

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the subscribers, under the name and firm of CHURCHILL & BOLKS, is this day by mutual consent, dissolved.

All debts due to and by said firm will be settled by H. W. Churchill, who will continue in the store and in Wars business at the old stand, in spring street, as heretofore. H. W. CHURCHILL,
S. BOLKS.

Milwaukee, Nov. 17th, 1859. nov19'59d2w

J. RASTALL,
CARRIAGE PAINTER,
OVER BUTLER & POST'S LIVERY Stable, foot of Mason street,
Carriages, Buggies, Sleighs, &c.,
PAINTED OR VARNISHED,
AT REASONABLE RATES
ALL KINDS OF
Ornamental Painting or Lettering.
Competent workmen sent to any part of the country on the shortest notice. sep21'59dm

"THE JONES LAMP,"
MANUFACTURED IN EVERY VARIETY and style, and sold at greatly reduced prices, by
TARBELL & WYMAN,
37 Central street, Boston.
(Successors to E. F. Jones & Co.)
N. B.—The Jones Burner, recently improved, gives more light and consumes less oil, than any other "Kerosene" or Coal Oil Burner manufactured.
oct3'59d1m

!! TO HOUSEKEEPERS !!
!HEALTHY SALERATUS! HEALTHY BREAD!
!! SOMETHING NEW !!
D. B. DeLAND & CO.'S
!! CHEMICAL SALERATUS.

"THE VERY BEST ARTICLE OF Saleratus now in use. Much has been said of the injurious effect of Saleratus upon the health; nothing can be more untrue than perfectly pure Saleratus when properly used. THIS Saleratus IS PERFECTLY PURE and is refined by a process entirely our own, by which all impurities are removed.

!! DEALERS AND CONSUMERS EVERYWHERE!!

Please call. It is warranted in all cases or no sale. Manufactory, FULTON, N. Y. 1858. "Double refined saleratus is far superior to most other brands of saleratus now in use."

Consumers will see that saleratus should be careful to get that having the name of D. B. DE LAND & Co. on the wrapper, as they will thus obtain a strictly pure article. These brands of saleratus are for sale by the "principal grocers in this City and Dealers generally throughout the United States and Canadas."

Manufactured and for sale at Wholesale at the Fairport Chemical Works, Fairport, Monroe Co., N. Y. oct19'59d1y

RACINE BUILDING ASSOCIATION.
Capital Stock - - $15,000
SHARES ONE DOLLAR.

THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC is respectfully solicited to this enterprise. The object is to dispose of some Property upon a fair and honorable plan, and not for the purpose of making money. Reference is to Properties. The shares are being rapidly taken, and it is the intention of the Directors to make a distribution on the first of December next. For Shares and Programmes apply to JOHN ELKINS, or
JOHN DEARBORN, Racine, Wis.

Agents wanted in different parts of the State. Good Commission allowed. nov7'59d1w

SAPONIFIER,
OR
CONCENTRATED POTASH
More than Double the Strength of Ordinary Potash
FOR MAKING SOAP WITHOUT LIME, with little trouble and at trifling expense. The cheapest article ever discovered for the purpose. One pound will make twelve or fifteen gallons of good Soft Soap, or nine pounds Hard Soap. Printers will find it a superior article for cleaning type. It is perfectly soluble and free from impurities.

Directions how to use it upon 1, 2, 4 and 6 lbs cans.

Manufactured at the CHALLENGE CHEMICAL WORKS, Brooklyn, and sold by
E. R. DURKEE & CO.,
oct18'59dawly 191 Pearl Street, New York.

THE MINISTER'S WOOING!
BY
Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe.
JUST ADDED TO THE LIBRARY OF the *Young Men's Association*. Rooms next north of the Newhall, up stairs.

Additional frequently made. Initiation $1. Dues, half yearly $1. Catalogue and two supplement, ten cents. oct28

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS TO LOAN on First Class Property. Call at City Auction Room. CALEB WALL.
sep3

NEW FIGS, A LOT OF NEW TURKEY Figs, very handsome, just received and for sale by EDWARD TRUESLOW, 116 East Water st.

RAISINS—M. R. AND LAYER, IN whole, half and quarter boxes, for sale by EDWARD TRUESLOW, 101 East Water st.

Auction Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Great Sale of Holiday Presents!

WILL BE SOLD ON MONDAY, THE 26th day of November, 1859, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following, to-wit: A large stock of

WATCHES AND JEWELRY!

CONSISTING OF FINE
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
BRACELETS, EAR RINGS,
Gold Fob, Guard & Vest Chains,
PINS, PENCILS & LOCKETS,
SPECTACLES, THIMBLES, SEALS & CHARMS.
AND A GREAT ASSORTMENT OF
Finger Rings, Solid Silver Spoons,
FORKS, AND CUPS; ALSO
Plated Spoons, Forks, Castors, Tea Setts, &c.

The above sale will take place at the time above stated at the store formerly occupied by Joseph Hyman, No. 17 Spring street.

A. J. LANGWORTHY,
nov22'59d3t Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,
NUMBER 146 EAST WATER STREET, Milwaukee. CALEB WALL will sell all descriptions of goods at his usual prices, either at auction or private sale. sep11

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
GREAT & EXTENSIVE BOOK SALE for fifteen days and at auction every night. Will commence on next Tuesday night, Nov. 29th, at 7 o'clock, the largest collection of various books probably that ever has been offered in this city for the last three years. The books can all be examined throughout the day, and will be sold at private sale for what they are worth. Terms at auction, cash; evening sales, receivers will commence on Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock and continue every evening for fifteen days. All young men and all old men and every person is invited to attend this great book sale. Opportunity here offers for selecting books to fill up your library, and to get Christmas presents. CALEB WALL,
nov22 Auctioneer.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
GREAT AND EXTENSIVE SALE OF American, European and Fancy goods commences on Friday, Dec. 2, at 10 o'clock, six hundred packages, trunks, &c. The largest sale of the season. Catalogues will be issued on the first day of sale. CALEB WALL, Auctioneer.
nov22

WILLIAMS & RODWAY,
Auction and Commission Merchants,
LAND AGENTS AND MONEY BROKERS,
19 WISCONSIN STREET, 19.

WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENtion to the sale of Furniture, Dry Goods, and every description of Merchandize, at their Sale room or in any part of the City or Country.

Liberal advances on consignments, and prompt returns made.

N. B.—Bonds, Notes, and Mortgages negotiated.
S. WILLIAMS. W. H. RODWAY.
Milwaukee, January 17, 1859. jan18'59d1y

For Sale or Rent.

TO LET.

ONE OF THE HOUSES IN GRANT'S BLOCK in Jackson street, first Block North of Division street. The house is a two story brick surrounded by perfectly dry, bricked on the bottom. Well and Cistern in Garden. Pump in Kitchen. Has all the modern improvements, with two story brick Barn in rear. Will be rented low to a good tenant. Apply at the East Water street. nov19'59d1w(tf)

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A GOOD BILLIARD TABLE WHICH can be seen at the Golden Gate Saloon, 136 East Water Street. Terms made known at the above place. nov23'59d2w

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
THE OFFICE ROOMS OVER THE Railroad Offices, corner of East Water and Wisconsin street, I will rent until the 1st of May next. The best location in the city. CALEB WALL.
oct7

TO LET CHEAP.

TWO BRICK STORES, ONE CORner of Main and Mason streets, and the other adjoining on Mason street.

Also, two rooms and rooms for offices, in same building. Enquire of subscribers, on the premises.
sept23'59-130 J. & G. ADAMS.

ALCOHOL STILLS FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS FOR SALE two Copper Alcohol stills, one with a capacity of *forty barrels*, and the other *thirty barrels*. They are in good repair and are all in complete working order.

They will be sold *very cheap for cash* or good approvable paper, and may be personally inspected if desirable. For further particulars, terms, &c., apply to DARIUS COLE, Copper Smith, &c.
97 State street, Rochester, N. Y.
aug2'59d6tdtf

FOR SALE.

LOT 13, BLOCK 76, FRONTING ON Jackson Street, 7th Ward, City of Milwaukee. Terms liberal. Address ALFRED A. METT, Jan18'59dm 64 Front Street, New York City.

FOR SALE.

TWO OF THOSE BEAUTIFUL NEW BRICK HOUSES,
In the Block of Nine Houses,
JACKSON ST., NEAR DIVISION.

These Houses are three stories high, and have fine stone cellars. There are
NINE ROOMS IN EACH HOUSE,
And a good supply of Pantries and Closets, and all well finished throughout in the best manner. The Parlors are furnished with superb cornice and centerpieces, and marble mantles. There is also
A GOOD BRICK STABLE,
AND A FILTERING CISTERN ON EACH LOT, and every thing in the best condition. Apply at my office corner of East Water and Knapp sts., or address me through the Post Office. Price $4,000; terms easy.
aug18'59d1tf ADAM GRANT.

Fuel, Lumber, &c.

LUMBER!

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF FARmers and others to our stock of

DRY LUMBER,

Which we are selling
CHEAP FOR CASH.

Lumber delivered on board the cars or to any part of the city FREE. CHIVAS & CO.,
Corner Lake and Hanover streets, Walker's Point, near Menomonee. [aug18'59dly]

J. E. STEVENS,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
Hard and Soft Wood Lumber,
RIVER STREET, CORNER OF BIDDLE,
Milwaukee,.....Wisconsin.

ASH, OAK, HICKORY, MAPLE, WALnut, Cherry, and White Wood Lumber,
SHINGLES, LATH,
And all other kind of
WAGON AND CARRIAGE LUMBER,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
aug8'59d6dm J. HOLBROOK, Agent.

CASH COAL YARD!
C. DUDLEY, AGENT,
IS NOW RECEIVING AND WILL KEEP constantly on hand for sale by the TON OR CARGO, the following kinds of Coal, of the very best quality and
LOW PRICES!
Delivered in any part of the city on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold at this Yard warranted full weight and best quality.

LEHIGH PREPARED COAL,
LEHIGH LUMP COAL,
SCRANTON PREPARED COAL,
SCRANTON LUMP COAL,
LACKAWANA PREPARED COAL,
LACKAWANA LUMP COAL,
PITTST

Special Notices.

PILES! PILES!! PILES!!!

What Is It? How Cured?

THOUSANDS OF PERSONS HAVE PILES—suffer for years with the disease—yet few know what it is, or how it is cured. Every case of Piles, whether manifested in the form of external tumors, frequent bleeding, or in violent itching and irritation, depends essentially upon congestion of the abdominal venous circulation. This produces the engorgement dilation of the veins, formation of tumors, hemorrhages, pain and suffering; and the disease can only be fundamentally cured by medicines which, taken internally, relieve this abdominal venous congestion. Hence ointments, washes, and even injections, are ineffectual. HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC PILE SPECIFIC, a simple sugar pill, taken two or three times per day, cures the disease by curing the condition upon which the disease depends. Hundreds have been cured by it, even of the most obstinate cases. All will be promptly benefitted by it. Price 50 cents a box.

N. B.—A full set of HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS, with Book of Directions, and twenty remedies, in large 3-dracma vials, and morocco case, $5; do, in plain case, $4. Family case of fifteen boxes and book, $2.

These remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address,

DR. F. HUMPHREYS & CO.
No. 562 Broadway, New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by J. M. ALCOTT. nov19d2weow

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It has no equal on earth. Ingredients facilitate the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing inflamation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skilful Female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause.

If life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞ None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Office No. 13 Cedar street, New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice. je15t419d&w&twly

KENOSHA WATER CURE

IS PERMANENTLY LOCATED IN ONE of the most healthy cities on Lake Michigan, between Milwaukee and Chicago, and has been thoroughly refitted and enlarged so as to accommodate a large number of patients. Experienced nurses are constantly employed to attend all patients at the Cure. Dr. Seeley is the attending physician, whose reputation is unequaled in the entire west

☞ For particular and circular, address

E. PENNOYER, Proprietor, Or,
H. T. SEELEY, M. D.

aug18s81dawlyr.

THE PUBLIC BLESSING WHICH IS now so universally admitted to exist in Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, is every day demonstrated by their astonishing efficacy in the cases which they are announced to cure. All the complaints of the stomach and bowels, weakness of the digestive organs and of the system generally, bilious and liver affections, night fevers, head aches, piles costiveness, consumption, rheumatism, scurvy, impurity of the blood, or blotched and sallow complexions, soon yield to their curative properties. A single trial invariably secures them the title of the best family medicine now before the public. For sale by the proprietor, W. B. MOFFAT, at his office, 335 Broadway, and by Store Keepers and Druggists generally. oct15s62d1w&wly

Hats, Caps and Furs.

THE

WHITE BEAR TRANSFERRED!

Large Sales & Small Profits.

A TREMENDOUS STOCK OF

HATS, CAPS & FURS,

FOR SALE,

At Wholesale and Retail,

—BY—

J. A. BENEDICT,

AT THE OLD STAND,

152 EAST WATER ST.,

Now the

SIGN OF THE WHITE BEAR.

HAVING ADDED TO MY EXTENSIVE Stock, (purchased this Fall of Eastern Manufacturers) the complete stock of L. S. BARNUM, who was formerly proprietor of the

White Bear Hat Store,

I take pleasure in announcing to the public that I am prepared to offer unrivalled inducements to all purchasing in this market.

Hats, Caps and Furs made to Order

AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE,

And Warranted to Suit or no Sale.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

SIGN OF THE WHITE BEAR,

152 EAST WATER ST., MILWAUKEE.

sep15t503dtf

Banking and Exchange.

ARMSTRONG, SPINK & CO.,

BANKERS,

CORNER OF HURON AND EAST WATER Streets, buy and sell Foreign and Domestic Exchange, uncurrent money, Gold, &c. Are prepared to draw Sight Drafts on Ireland, England, Wales, and the principal cities on the Continent of Europe.

Milwaukee, Nov. 10th, 1859. nov12d1y1075

HARVEY TERRY,

BANKER & DEALER IN EASTERN EXCHANGE

PURCHASES AND NEGOTIATES Good Business Paper; will negotiate the sale of Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages in the East.

☞ Also Agent for the sale of Philadelphia Fire Proof and Burglar Proof Champion Safes, suitable for Bankers and others, being one of the best kinds of Fire and Burglar Proof Safes combined made in America; at prices from $50 to $700 each, according to size.

☞ OFFICE, CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Spring street Bridge.

MARINE BANK,

CORNER OF HURON AND EAST WATER STREETS

JOHN S. HARRIS, President.

J. H. SKIDMORE, Cashier. mar18s287d1y

BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE

—OF—

WALTER DELAFIELD,

WAUKON,.....IOWA.

COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY REMITted at current rates of Exchange.

Refer to American Exchange Bank, N. Y.; Wisconsin and Western Ins. Co. Bank, Milwaukee. feb10s306dly

PRICE, FARMER & CO.,

Bankers, and Dealers in Exchange,

15 NEWHALL HOUSE, MAIN ST.,

MILWAUKEE, - - - - WISCONSIN.

DRAFTS AT SIGHT, IN SUMS OF one pound and upward, payable in all the principal towns of Germany, France, England, Ireland and Scotland.

COLLECTIONS made at all available parts of the country.

GOLD, SILVER and UNCURRENT MONEY bought and sold.

SHORT FIRST CLASS BUSINESS PAPER discounted at fair rates, and constantly wanted.

KEEP TO

STATE BANK OF WISCONSIN, Milwaukee.
MERCHANTS, SAVINGS, LOAN & TRUST CO., Chicago.
FOREST CITY BANK, Cleveland, Ohio.
MERCHANTS AND MECHANICS BANK, Wheeling, Va.
CONTINENTAL BANK, New York.
D. CUMMINS, President Girard Bank, Philadelphia

jy24d1y

Pork and Beef Packers.

EDWARD RODDIS,

WEST WATER STREET, HAS CONstantly in store, for sale—

Mess Pork:
Mess Beef
Leaf Lard, in bbls and half bbls;
Bacon, Green and Smoked:
Smoked Sugar Cured Hams:
Smoked Sugar Cured Shoulders;
Soap, Candles, Tallow, &c., &c.

d1y

NEW SUGAR CURED HAMS.

JUST FROM SMOKE HOUSE, A FINE lot of sugar-cured hams and dried beef; for sale by

jan19 LAYTON & PLANKINTON.

McINTOSH.

TAKEN FROM THE LIBRARY OF the Milwaukee Horticultural Society, a volume of McIntosh's Book of the Garden. The holder will please return it to Mr. D. Ferguson without delay. Members having other Books or Magazines are requested to hand them to Mr. F. By order.

CHARLES GIFFORD, Librarian *pro tem.*

☞ *Wisconsin* copy (cf). jy6t496d1r

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THE UNKNOWN CHAMPION.

The front door of Lysle Hall shut so heavily that it shook the house, startling a young girl and boy, who sat in the deep embrasure of a window, apparently waiting for something or some person. The girl was dark-haired, dark-eyed, and extremely pretty, though her lips curled rather haughtily, and an imperious glance shot from her large, dark eyes, which told of a proud spirit. The boy was pale and golden-haired, wholly unlike his companion and sister in feature, though his pale, thin lips had the same haughty curl, and his blue eyes grew dark with pride; a poor, weak thing was Alfred Lysle, his right arm and leg being withered—had been so from his birth. He was gentle, affectionate, high-spirited, and talented, the idol of his widowed father and proud sister. There were times when his spirit chafed, and he almost cursed the poor maimed body which was such a clog to him.

Alfred read aloud, while his sister Agnes busied herself with a piece of embroidery, giving to the truth he told, a very divided attention to the words of her brother.

"Was not that a glorious description?" asked the boy, raising his face all glowing with poetical enthusiasm.

"Yes. I think I never heard a cataract described more beautifully."

"Why, Aggie! I got long past the cataract and reached the meadow."

"Oh, have you dear? Well, Alfred, to tell you the honest truth, I got thinking of something else. Be so kind as to read it over again, and this time I will surely listen to you."

The boy laughed gaily, as he answered:

"No use, Aggie—your wits would be woolgathering again before I had read three lines. I will not torment you any longer. Shall I talk to you instead—or would you rather be silent?"

"Talk, it you please, Alfred."

"What think you, sister Agnes, will be the result of this conference?" asked the boy, in a low tone.

The girl raised a troubled face, and answered, very slowly:

"Indeed, Alfred, I scarcely dare think.—The Dudleys are not famed for generosity, and—"

Bang! bang! It was the hall door, closing so heavily that it stopped her words and caused both the young persons to start.

"Gone at last!" exclaimed Agnes. And she rose to her feet just as the door of the room where they were sitting opened, and an old gentleman entered.

"What now, father? I thought Mortimer Dudley would never go. How is it settled?"

"The matter stands just as it did before.—He will not abate one inch of ground, nor will I. He thinks his claim as good as mine, and day after to-morrow we meet on the debateable ground, and with sturdy lances settle the question.

'Good father! I feared you might be compelled to yield, and I couldn't bear to think that in your old age you would be obliged to give up your home and go among strangers. The case has been carried from court to court, and years have passed away in futile waiting; now a well-directed blow and the proud Earl of Dudley will be overthrown.—Aye, charge at him, father, and may God and Saint Mary guide your weapon so that you come off conqueror."

The old man smiled, and patted the glowing cheek of his pretty, spirited daughter, then seated himself beside his son and read with him.

Sir Henry Lysle was about fifty-five, handsome and high-spirited, an upright, honorable and kind father. For two generations, between the houses of Dudley and Lysle had been a long-standing quarrel concerning some property, two-thirds, including the buildings of the Lysle estate. The dispute had been carried from court to court, without any decision being made in favor of either party.—Lately, Robert, Earl of Dudley, had died, and his son, a dashing young man of twenty-five, had, tired of the old time quarrel, proposed to settle the debate by single combat, to be held on the debateable territory—then, in the fourteenth century, a very common method of settling disputes. Thus the matter stood, and with conversation and reading the three passed the evening.

After Alfred had retired, Agnes lingered behind, seemingly averse to leave her father. Sir Henry noticed her hesitation, and, putting an arm around her waist and stroking her dark curling hair, he said earnestly:

"Day after to-morrow, Agnes, I shall mount my good steed and battle for my rights and our home. If I fall, as fall I may, we are homeless. Should anything happen to prevent me from engaging in this conflict—?"

"But nothing can happen to prevent you, father," eagerly interrupted Agnes.

"Nothing but sudden illness or death, my child."

"O, father!"

"We must look at possibilities, my dear child, and I trust you do not shrink. If, as I say, anything should prevent me from fighting my fight, I know not what you will do. A little money I have; you will find it in the ebony cabinet beside my bed. With that, you must go with your brother to your relations beyond the border. Never mind, my child; I feel that you tremble. We'll only look on the bright side; and now, good night?"

Thus they parted, with one fond embrace. As Agnes entered her chamber, her heart was heavy with presentiment of coming evil.

About midnight Agnes was roused from a deep, though troubled slumber, by a hand laid firmly on her shoulder. It was Margery, the old nurse.

"O, dear, Miss Agnes! Get up—wake—as quick as you can, for you are wanted."

There was trouble and despair in the old woman's voice, and Agnes sprang from her bed and began to dress as hastily as possible, while she eagerly questioned Margery.

"What is the matter, Margery?"

"Sir Henry, your dear father, is ill—taken suddenly."

"With what?"

"O, dear, Miss, I don't know! James, who always sleeps in the next room, heard a kind of groaning, and, rushing in, found my dear master in some kind of a fit."

"O, merciful Heaven! spare my father to me!" exclaimed the trembling Agnes, as, throwing a shawl over her shoulders, she flew, rather than ran, down stairs. At the door of her father's room, she paused and turned to Margery, who had followed as closely as she could.

"Has any one gone for the doctor?"

"Yes, James went as soon as I could go to master."

Agnes entered the dimly-lighted chamber and approached the bed where her father lay so white and motionless, while the frightened servants stood round mutely. Sir Harry Lysle was a good, kind master, and the servants were devoted to him. Summoning all her courage, Agnes neared the bed. At the first sight, she trembled, for she thought her father was dead. Bending over him, she laid her hands upon his heart, and was rejoiced to feel that it pulsated still—though very, very faintly. Ignorant what to do, Agnes bathed her father's face and was in despair at the failure of her efforts, when the physician entered. Dr. Thompson pronounced it to be a paralytic stroke, and proceeded to bleed the patient. Soon Sir Henry opened his eyes, and seemed conscious of all that was going on. He endeavored to speak, but, that being impossible, paper and pencil were brought him. In large, irregular characters, he scrawled:

"Doctor, will I be well enough to go out to-morrow?"

With wistful eyes he watched the physician as he deciphered the characters, and his face expressed the bitterest despair as Dr. Thompson shook his head. Again he wrote:

"I cannot meet Mortimer Dudley, and we are lost, Agnes."

Agnes read the irregular writing, so different from his usual firm, clear words, and she could scarcely repress the tears; but, bravely mastering her feelings, she said, bending over the stricken man, "Can you hear and understand what I say, father?"

A faint nod was the answer.

"Then rest in peace, dear father, for a champion will be found who will strive as manfully as you—and God grant that he may be as brave and skillful."

A smile of contentment passed over the sick man's face, and he calmly closed his eyes. Too ill to question or doubt, he believed his daughter's words.

Towards the close of that day, Agnes returned from a short and rapid ride, and sought in the stable for old Arnold, her father's trusty esquire. The old man turned as he heard the clatter of the horse's hoofs, and was only in time to see Agnes spring lightly from the saddle. He doffed his cap respectfully, and waited for his mistress to speak.

"You know, Arnold, that it was my father's purpose to ride forth and meet young Dudley at daybreak to-morrow?"

"I know—I know, Mistress Agnes; but he is ill—stricken down—and cannot go," answered the old servitor in a mournful voice.

"I know of a champion," and the girl's pale face flushed as she spoke, "a rather inexperienced youth, but one who has a brave heart, keen eye, and ready hand. All that he has, but no armor, and my father's are all to wide for him. Know you of any other?"

"Up in the garret is a suit long unused.—It belonged to your father when he was a mere stripling, scarcely stouter than you, dear lady."

"That will do very well, I think. Have it brightly polished, all in order, and lay it on the couch in the bed room."

"It is as bright now, Mistress Agnes," replied the old man, respectfully, though with an accent of pride, "as the day your father last wore it, nearly forty years ago—I loved the armor my young pupil wore, and and no spot of rust dulls its bright surface, no stay unloose, or dinted plate."

"Ever faithful, good Arnold. All is well. To-morrow, at daybreak, be at the hall door, with black Rudolph, father's horse, yourself in armor ready to accompany the young knight."

"Your bidding shall be done."

"And, Arnold, should the young knight lack aught in riding, or in the handling of the lance, direct him as you did my father."

Agnes turned and walked quickly to the house, wholly unconscious of the curious gaze which followed her. Old Arnold looked after her with wistful eyes, then murmured aloud:

"Proud step, like her father, yet light as a fairy's. Where has she found a champion? Jessie has been ridden smartly, I see by her reeking flanks and heaving sides. It can't be that poor, young Master Alfred is going to try—that would be madness, though I know he is equal in spirit to it—poor fellow—no, no—that can't be, for his arm is neither steady nor strong. I can't think"——

"Arnold, old fellow," exclaimed a cheery voice, "don't bother your brain, but obey orders. To-morrow will solve your doubts. God and St. Josephus grant that our poor master's cause may be victorious."

"Amen, Joseph," responded Arnold.—And he turned and went slowly toward the hall.

Just before daybreak the next morning, obedient to orders, Arnold, clad in armor holding black Rudolph, stood at the hall door. His own horse was held by Joseph. Both men watched with anxious eyes the door of the heavy oaken door.

"May lap the young night oversleeps himself, and is dreaming now of his lady-love," mockingly whispered the yeoman to the old squire.

The words were hardly out of his mouth when the door swung back upon its hinges, and the ring of a mailed heel was heard upon the stone steps. Eager eyes were raised and—lowered in great disappointment for the visor was tightly closed.

Perfectly silent the unknown knight mounted the spirited war-horse, took the lance, and started off at a smart trot, closely followed by Arnold. The yeoman shook his head, as he gazed after them, and muttered, while watching them till out of sight among the trees:

"It's nobody I know. He mounted none too giblly, though he rides well. A slender youth it is to combat with that fiery young Dudley. Success to him!"

In perfect silence the knight and the esquire rode the short distance to the field of combat—a plain in the farthest verge of the Lysle domain. As they neared the field, the young knight said:

"You must lead the way, Sir Esquire, for know not but I may go wrong."

The voice was deep and clear, but in vain did Arnold strive to remember having heard it before. Silently he obeyed.

At last the ground was reached, and the stranger rode into the field on one side, at the same moment that Mortimer Dudley entered on the other. A few people were assembled to witness the struggle. The unknown knight and Mortimer Dudley gravely saluted, then backed their horses to the extremity of the field, and waited with lances in rest for the signal to be given. A stout man, Sir William Delorme, gave the required shout.—In an instant both horses sprung forward and bore their riders on. Once they met, yet neither was struck—the second charge, the lance of the Earl of Dudley touched the shoulder of the young knight, who visibly reeled. Arnold was in despair and murmured:

"All's lost! the next charge he will fall!"

A third time they rushed forward, and in a cloud of dust one went down. Arnold closed his eyes and fairly groaned, when a shout made him re-open them—"Lysle for ever! Lysle for ever!"

Sure enough it was the proud Earl of Dudley who was unhorsed, and beside him knelt the stranger knight.

"Now yield you, Mortimer, Earl of Dudley."

"I yield," said the young Earl; "but I would to know to whom, for that you are not Sir Henry Lysle I am sure."

The friends of both parties stood around, and Arnold among the foremost.

"Rise up, Mortimer, Earl of Dudley, and you shall know who has been able to conquer you."

The young nobleman rose, and with folded arms looked at the slender mailed figure before him.

The stays were unloosed and helmet thrown back, and the sun streaming through the clouds, which had till then obscured it, shone fully upon the uncovered face. Mortimer started, while a loud, triumphant shout rent the air. The young man gazed in wonder and admiration upon the delicate face, long, waving brown hair, and heaving bosom of young Agnes Lysle!

A red flush rose to the brow of the haughty Earl, and he bit his lips with rage.

"Be not chagrined brave Dudley," said Agnes, in her rich, sweet voice, while the long dark lashes drooped on her cheek, which was now paling, and she extended her mailed hand. "You have but bowed to the fate decreed to all mankind. From the beginning to the end of time brave men will yield to the power of woman, and degrade not their manhood by so doing. I battled for my home, Sir Earl, and God guided my arm. Hereafter, let us meet as friends who have proved each other's mettle. Shall it be so?"

Unable to resist the sweet voice and bewitching smile, Mortimer seized the mailed hand, and, kissing it, whispering so low that none of the bystanders heard:

"Yes, a thousand times yes—and from my fall I will rise and soar higher than ever, seeking only for your love and approbation."

A bright blush spread over the beautiful face, and for one moment the dark eyes were raised—only for a moment—then, with a half-murmured farewell, Agnes mounted her father's horse and prepared to leave the field as quietly as she came. But this was not to be, for all the people present turned, with one accord, and in triumph accompanied her home. She tried in vain to remonstrate against this—her words were unheeded. At her bridle-rein rode the proud Earl of Dudley.

Upon his bed of illness lay Sir Henry Lysle. The shouts of the returning party reached his ears, and by signs he inquired the cause.

The stranger knight returns victorious," exclaimed Margery, in delight. Alfred, who sat beside the bed, rose up, exclaiming, while his frame fairly trembled with excitement:

"O, father! all the joy isn't come yet.—Wait till you know it all. Shall I go and land the proud conqueror to your bedside, dear father?"

An eager sign of assent was given by the invalid, and Alfred hastened, as fast as his lameness would permit, from the room.

With a step less firm, and varying cheek, Agnes, led by her brother, entered Sir Henry's chamber. Her visor was closed. Coming forward she knelt beside the bed. At an eager sign from her father she strove to unloose the stays, but her trembling fingers refused to do her bidding. The Earl of Dudley, who still kept by her side, undid the fastenings, and Alfred threw back the heavy helmet, disclosing the blushing, agitated face of Agnes Lysle.

The shock was great, and effected a cure, for Sir Henry rose up in bed and exclaimed:

"Agnes! Agnes! my Agnes! In armor! coming here victorious!"

"Yes, father," exclaimed Alfred, "Agnes it is surely."

Mortimer Dudley here stepped up.

"Gently, Sir Henry. Lay back upon your pillow. Like a hero, your daughter donned armor, and bravely combated for your rights, and unhorsed me. I, the proudest nobleman in England, am here to say it. I yield to her all—my heart and fortune, the devoted love of a lifetime, here in your presence, I lay at her feet, praying that she may not give me my death-blow, for refusal will kill me."

With deep, devoted love shining from his eyes, the haughty Mortimer Dudley waited her answer. Rising from her knees, all clad in clanking armor, and her face brilliant with happiness, Agnes Lysle came forward and placed the tiny hand, so lately encased in a mailed gauntlet, in the hands of the young Earl, saying, with her fascinating smile:

"If I vanquished you, Mortimer Dudley, you have conquered me for all time."

Mortimer folded the young girl in one fond embrace, then turning to Sir Henry, who lay upon his pillow, smiling but weak:

"Your blessing, Sir Henry Lysle. This day your daughter has won back your inheritance and robbed me of the things most valued in this world, heart and liberty—two feats.

Thus Agnes Lysle became the wife of one of the proudest nobles of England, and the enemy of her feat is still cherished, for the crest of the Dudleys is "out of a ducal coronet of gold, a woman's bust, her hair dishevelled, bosom bare, a helmet on her head, with stay or throat lash down;" and a MS. in possession of the Dudleys of Northamptonshire, preserves the story of THE UNKNOWN CHAMPION.

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LADIES' AND GENTS' SADDLES AND BRIDLES,

All styles of Harness, Collars, Blankets, Whips, Bells, Trunks, Valises and Traveling Bags.

All the above and many goods not mentioned we offer at many styles and qualities, and always at the lowest prices in the West.

Milwaukee, 136 East Water Street.

je11t319dawly GEO. DYER & CO.

REMOVAL.

BARNES BROTHERS,

Coach & Harness Manufacturers'

GENERAL SUPPLY STORE,

148 East Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.

WHERE CAN BE FOUND ONE OF the largest and best assorted stocks of

COACH & SADDLERY HARDWARE,

In the West.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited.

148 East Water Street.

nov23t445d1y

Alcohol, Oils, &c.

THE PARAGON,

Self-Generating, Portable

GAS LIGHT!

COMBINES SIMPLICITY, SAFETY and Economy, is devoid of Smell, Smoke or Filth, gives a steady, cheap and brilliant Gas Light in any temperature.

This valuable patent, portable, self-generating Gas Machine, is offered to the public, in full confidence of its positive superiority over every other hand-light in existence, for simplicity, Safety and Economy, producing a

Brilliant Gas Light,

Requiring no trimming, or other attention, except simply filling the lamp with good burning fluid, one quart of the fluid, converted into gas in the Burner, gives a full, broad and clear flame

THE SENTINEL.

COMMERCIAL.

Money Matters.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, November 30th.

Nothing of special interest to note in the money market. The demand for Eastern Exchange continues brisk, and it is firm at 1/2 premium. Currency plenty, and no trouble felt in discounting good business paper at the banks.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.—The following table shows the traffic on this line for the week ending Nov. 25th, 1859:

Passengers	$18,686.67
Freight and Live Stock	17,926.56
Mails and Sundries	1,806.75
Total	$37,893.98
Corresponding week of last year	$37,897.62
Increase	$ 496.36

Commercial.

Receipts and shipments of flour and grain to-day are shown by the following table:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Oats, bus.	Corn, bus.	Barley, bus.	Rye, bus.
Receipts.						
By M&Mis RR	348	3,574	22	243	120	....
By M&Min RR	582	7,621	....	....	260	....
By M & W RR	92	1,024	....	....	32	....
By M&Hor RR	....	....	....	....	....	....
By M&Chi RR	180	771	375	....	403	....
Total	1,005	13,569	397	243	765	....
Shipments.	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Pork, bbls.	Beef, bbls.		
To Buffalo	2,406	6,000	....	....		

CHICAGO, Nov. 29.—Receipts: 2,522 bbls flour; 12,181 bus wheat; 20,305 bus corn; 4,391 bus oats; 127 dressed hogs.

The *Press & Tribune* says:

The wheat market to-day, under more favorable advices from New York, advanced 2@3c—opening with sales of No 2 Spring at 82c, and closing with sales at 83@83c—about 18,000 bushels having changed hands. The demand was entirely speculative, shippers having nearly all withdrawn. The flour market was dull and inactive, with limited sales at $4 15@4 20 for common to good Spring extras. Corn was dull and declined 2c—sales of new being made at 39@40c for new No 1; 40c for ear corn; and 45@46c for old No 1. Oats quiet and steady at 31c for No 1 in store, and 33@34c for lots in bags. Rye firm, with a good demand by distillers at 66c on track. Barley firm at 85c for No 1, and 75c for No 2. Highwines quiet at 21@22c. Alcohol, 34c.

The market for live hogs to-day was quite excited, and prices advanced 10@15c, under more favorable news from Cincinnati and Louisville. Heavy hogs were sold at a range of $4 02@4 75 gross, and fair at $4 40@4 50. Shippers were the heaviest buyers—packers being timid. The receipts of dressed hogs continue very light, and the market was firm at $5 25 @5 50 for fair to heavy. Cattle were dull.

In provisions there is a more buoyant feeling. For mess pork there is an active inquiry for Louisville and Canadian account, and we report sales of 200 brls city packed at $14 12½, for delivery in December, seller option, and 100 brls country packed at $14 00. At the close, however, holders are firm at $15 00. Cut meats are more active, and prices show a still further improvement. To-day, 5,000 pieces bulk shoulders were sold, for delivery in fifteen days, at 5½c, loose, and 1,000 pieces at 5¾c, loose, same delivery. Bulk sides are in good demand at 7¾@7¾c. Lard has also shared in the general buoyancy, and we note an advance of 1/4c, with sales of 200 brls prime leaf at 10¼. A city packer sold early 500 brls head and gut lard at 9c. Tallow continues firm, with sales of small lots prime at 10¼@10¾c.

CINCINNATI PORK TRADE.—The Cincinnati *Gazette* of yesterday says with reference to the pork trade at that place:

The receipts of hogs continue light. Only 4,000 head arrived during the last 48 hours. This helped to strengthen the market again, and the weather being favorable, and some dealers excitable, a further advance was established in prices. One or two sales were made below $6, but the bulk of the transactions were at $6 to 6,10, included in which were 800 head, delivered here from the 15th to the 25th of December, at $6, and 1,000 head, averaging 190 to 206 lbs, sold early in the day at $6,05; at 3d, the market closed firm at this figure for lots averaging 206 lbs, with holders mostly asking $6,25, and it was rumored late this afternoon that the last named figure had been paid for a lot averaging 220 lbs. We did not trace this rumor, but such was the tendency of the market that it was not hard to believe the report. There was an active demand for mess pork, with sales of 1,000 bbls in lots, on the spot at $15,50. For January and February, $16 was pretty freely offered, but holders asked $15,60@15,75. About 4,000 pcs green shoulders and sides were sold at 4¾@5c and 5¼@5½c. Hams closed firm at 8c. There was a good demand for bulk meat, with sales of 150 hhds Shoulders 10 to 15 days in salt, at 5¼, and 50 do bellies at 7½c, packed. Two cars "prime to choice" cured" bacon, by purchasing all the choice lots in market, at 7½c for shoulders and 9½c for sides. An actual count makes the stock 997 hhds, which is now held for a material advance—and 1,000 hhds are figured talked about. Lard was held at 10¾ @ 10¾, and 11 for keg, but there was no inquiry. Flour was firm at $5 for superfine, and $5,17 was generally asked.

MILWAUKEE DAILY MARKET.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 30th.

FLOUR—The market was firmer to-day and buyers would probably have gone a shade above yesterday's prices, but holders show any disposition to meet their views, but the latter, stimulated by the continued advancing tendency of the New York market, were looking for still higher figures, and consequently not much was done. We note a sale of 100 bbls "White Lilly," Superfine at $4.10.

WHEAT—The market opened to-day at an advance of 1@1½c on yesterday's closing quotations, No. 1 Spring selling on the track at 91@91½c; No. 2 at 86@ 90c; and Extra Club at 96@97c. The New York report strengthened the market, and No. 1 advanced another half cent, buyers freely offering 92c for all they could get on the track. Sales: 250 bus Extra Club at 97c; 250 bus Club at 95c; 400 bus do at 94c;—all delivered; 270 bus do on track at 90c; 700 bus No. 1 on track a 92c; 350 bus do do at 91½c; 1,075 bus do delivered at 91½c; 1,500 bus do on track at 91c, 200 bus do delivered at 90c; 100 bus do at 89c; 700 bus No. 2 on the track at 90c; 530 bus do do at 89c.

OATS—Steady at 31@32c.

BARLEY—Sales 50 bus No. 1 at 85c.

CORN—We note a sale of 140 bags shelled at 56c, which is about the outside price that can now be obtained for it.

RYE—Dull. 65 bus sold to-day at 62½c.

GRASS SEED—Timothy $1,87@2,12½ for good to prime.

POTATOES—Scarce, and bring 50@60c.

EGGS—Selling at 18@14c by the barrel.

HIDES—We quote green 5@5½c; green salted 5½ @6¼c; dry salted 10@11c; dry flint 12@13½c.

CRANBERRIES—$3@3,25 per bushel.

POULTRY—Chickens, dressed, 5@6c; turkeys 7@8c.

BUTTER—Fields 12½@13c for fair to prime; fresh roll and crock 14@15c.

HIGHWINES—23@23½c.

DRESSED HOGS—Prices of dressed hogs ruled a shade higher than yesterday, receipts being very light; lots averaging 200 lbs and upwards sold at $5,87½@6 and light hogs at $5@5,75. The weather becoming warm in the afternoon, the market was weaker, and one lot averaging 250 pounds were sold at $5,55. We note the following sales:

21	head	averaging	225 lbs at	$6,00
24	"	"	230 "	6,00
17	"	"	225 "	6,00
9	"	"	240 "	6,00
3	"	"	220 "	6,00
23	"	"	220 "	5,90
44	"	"	200 "	5,87½
10	"	"	221 "	5,85
10	"	"	199 "	5,75
10	"	"	150 "	5,62½
9	"	"	112 "	5,62½
22	"	"	150 "	5,50
43	"	"	191 "	5,50
5	"	"	170 "	5,50
10	"	"	1.0 "	5,50

Receipts to-day were 292 head, making the total number of hogs received since the beginning of the packing season 11,288.

PROVISIONS—In addition to the transactions noted yesterday, there was a other sale of heavy mess pork at $14,50 for Canada trade.

NEW YORK MARKET.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 30—6 P. M.

FLOUR—5@10 cents better, with pretty good demand; sales 10,000 bbls, at $5 20@5 30 for superfine state; $5 80@5 50 extra state; $5 40@5 50 superfine western; $5 55 @5 65 common to medium extra western, $5 10 inferior to good shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; market closing firm. Canadian flour firmer; sales 350 bbls at $5 20@5 30 for common to choice extra. Rye flour in fair demand at $3 75@4 50.

WHEAT—Firm and quiet; sales 80,000 bush. at 1 1s for No. 2 Chicago spring.

BARLEY—Quiet.

CORN—Lower; sales 14,000 bush. at 78@83c for new yellow, 91@96c for old yellow.

OATS—Quiet; 46@47c for state, western and Canadian.

WHISKEY—Heavy and lower; sales 500 bbls at 26@ 26¾, chiefly at inside figures.

PORK—Without material change; sales 1,750 bbls, at $16 12 for mess, $13 25 for prime. Included in sales are 1,000 bbls. mess at sellers option all the year.

BEEF—Quiet; sales 350 bbls. at $9@$10 for country prime, $9@5 50 do mess, $9@$10 repacked mess, $10 75 @11 50 western do.

HOGS—Steady; 6¾@7c

SHOULDERS—9¾@10 1-8c.

BACON—Steady; sales 500 boxes; short clear middles for January and February delivery 9¾c.

LARD—Dull and heavy; sales 75 bbls at 10¾c.

BUTTER—Steady; 11½@18c for Ohio, 14@21c state.

CHEESE—In moderate demand; 8@11c.

STOCKS—Second Board—Illinois Central 92¾. C. C. & C. 96c. Pan. $1 82. Reading 49¾c. Hart. 10c. Erie 92¾c. N. Y. C. 91¾c. Penn. 6s 105¾c. Mo. 6s 54¾c. Miss. 2nd bonds 41¾c. Norwich 41c. Pacific Mail 70¾c. I. C. bonds 86c. I. C. R. R. 56c.

NEW YORK CATTLE MARKET.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30—3 P. M.

BEEVES—Active, at a full rise in last week's prices, ranging from 8 to 10c, averaging about 9c; some extra sold at 10¾c. Receipts 9,360.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Active, at full rates. Receipts 14,300.

SWINE—Fair request at 5¾@5¾. Receipts 12,500.

BUFFALO MARKET.

BUFFALO, Nov. 30—6 P. M.

FLOUR—Active and firm; sales 1,000 bbls at 4,50 @4,85 for extra state; 5,00@5,10 for do Wis and Ill.; 5@5,25 for extra Mich; 5,40@5,50 for extra Ind and O; 5,75@6,00 for double extra.

WHEAT—Firm, but quiet; sales 15,000 bush.

CORN—Quiet; no sales.

OATS—Quiet; Canada in bags at 37c.

BARLEY—In better request.

CANAL FREIGHTS—Wheat to Rochester 4c.

SHIPMENTS—6,000 bbls flour; 92,000 bush wheat; 42,000 bus corn; 5,000 bus barley.

EXPORTS—17,000 bus wheat; 6,000 bus corn.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

[Per Bohemian.]

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.—Provisions generally dull, but prices unchanged. Beef dull. Pork dull but steady. Lard quiet but firm.

Corn quiet but firm. Sugar dull but steady. Rye firm. Ham firm, at an advance of 4s. Turpentine spirits dull.

In the London Money Market consols were quoted at 96¾@96¾ for account.

AMERICAN SECURITIES—Illinois Central shares have declined $3, and are quoted at 40 to 42 per cent. discount.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFF MARKET.—Messrs. Richardson & Spence report a slight improvement in the prices for breadstuffs, which had a tendency to check business.—Wheat firm; sales unimportant. Holders demand an advance. Flour firm. An average business has been done at full rates. Corn quiet but firm.

Messrs. Wakefield & Nash's circular says wheat has advanced 1@2s. No quotations are given.

APPLES, IN PRIME ORDER, FOR Sale by EDWARD TRUESLOW, Wholesale Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, No. 119 East Water street.

MARINE.

Port of Milwaukee, November 30, 1859.

ARRIVED.

Propeller Ogontz, Flood, Chicago. 50 brls cider, 49 bdls, 1 bx pork 1 keg lard, 42 bdls paper

Propeller Buffalo, Conkey, Chicago

Schooner Farmer, Thompson, Kemper's Pier, 50 cords wood

CLEARED.

Propeller Ogontz, Flood, Port Washington

Propeller Dacotah, Pease, Buffalo, 6,000 bus wheat, 2,406 brls flour, 8 tons pig-iron, 4 casks ashes.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 30th.

THE WEATHER has been very mild to-day with scarcely any wind, and this evening it looks very much like rain.

MORE DISASTERS—The Brig N. M. STANDART SUSK, —Capt. BRITT, of the Propeller *Racine*, which passed Detroit yesterday, informed the *Tribune* that the schr. *Autocrat*, bound up with sail and the brig *N. M. Stan, Autocrat*, bound down with wheat from this port, collided near the North Manitou. After the accident they both ran into South Manitou Bay, where the *Standart* sank in 10 or 11 feet of water. Her mate came down to procure a tug to get her up. The *Autocrat* lost her stern and was leaking somewhat, but was able to resume her course.

Two or three vessels were reported ashore around Mackinac—no particulars.

The tug *Oswego* left for South Manitou the same afternoon for the purpose of raising the *Standart*.

THE SCHOONER MAY QUEEN.—A despatch to the Buffalo *Express* says that schooner May Queen is a total loss at Tawas Harbor, Saginaw Bay.

THE SCHOONER MAZEPPA lost both anchors and 120 fathoms of chain in the late gale on lake Huron. The *Courtright* and *Massey* also lost an anchor each, with more or less chain. The bark *Inthicello* lost her mizzen topmast.

FIVE OTHER VESSELS lost their anchors and chains at Point au Barques—the *Dauntless, Moselle, Miami, Huddy* and *Napier*. The *Napier* also lost one man.

THE BRIG COMMERCE is supposed to be lost near Goodrich.

THE SCHOONER TARTAR, bound for Oswego with a cargo of wheat, shifted her cargo in a gale off Long Point, and not being able to make the Welland Canal, she was towed to Buffalo, where she will probably unload.

AN UNKNOWN VESSEL ASHORE AT BOIS BLANC.—Capt. MONTGOMERY of the propeller *Hunter* reports seeing a white schooner ashore on Bois Blanc, name unknown. He also saw a shooner lying dismasted at St. Helens, but could not ascertain her name.

MAN LOST.—Mr. KIMBALL, of the propeller *Fountain City*, states that the bark *B. S. Shephard* lost a man on Tuesday last. His name was HENRY B. WHITE, thirty-five years of age, from Rhode Island. He was out on the jibboom, in the gale of that day, when the vessel was struck by a wave, and he was washed off. The bark was off Point Sauble at the time. Mr. KIMBALL also reports seeing the bark *E. B. Morgan* boating out of Grand Traverse Bay on Friday last.

The following passed Detroit Saturday afternoon and Sunday:

Up—Sunday, propeller Plymouth; bark Indiana; schooners Lady Elgin, Canadian, W. R. Hanna. Today, propeller Mayflower; schooner Spy.

Down—Sunday, propeller Montgomery; brig Sir Charles Napier, schooners Dauntless, J. F. Tracy, A. Handy, Miami, Moselle, W. H. Merrick, G. W. Holt, Gold Hunter, Tracy J. Bronson, Geraldine, Carthagenian. To-day, schooner Mary M. Scott, Cortes Mann, Julia Bell, Wm. D. Rankin, Free Trader.

Weather pleasant, with a strong westerly breeze.

VESSELS PASSED DETROIT during the 24 hours ending Tuesday noon:

Up—Prop. Mendota; schr. Syracuse.

Down—Prop Racine, Gen. Taylor, Young America; bark Invincible; schrs. H. E. Mussey, M. Courtright, Magoppa, Tarrent, York State, Henry B. Hale, Lone Star, Mary H. Sibley, Atlantic.

Weather pleasant, wind west.

LIST OF VESSELS passing through the Welland Canal.

The following vessels passed the Port Colborne Lock from 4 o'clock P. M. on the 25th till four o'clock P. M. on the 28th of November, 1859:

BOUND WEST—November 25th, none; on the 26th propeller Bay State, bark Kentucky; on the 28th, schooners Alice Grover, Emma, Maize.

BOUND EAST—November 26th, schooners Minnie Kirtes and I. P. Richard; on the 26th, bark Clayton, schooners Cameron, Chancellor, Gunn, Lady, (Scow) Flying Cloud, Belle Sheridan; on the 28th, propeller Ogontz bring Bay State, barks Samaria, S D Woodruff, brig Mariner, schooners Revolving Light, Olivia, S L Noble, W H Ogden, Onward, Arctic, Perseus, H Lathrop, Pride of Canada.

PORT COLBORNE, Nov. 26.

The brig Andes and the schooner Fremont are in this port for shelter.

The schooner Australia, of Toronto, is ashore behind the east pier, loaded with coal. She is not much injured.

November 28.

The schooner White Squall is in this port, bound for Buffalo. T. MCGILLIVRAY.

LATEST FROM LAKE SUPERIOR.—The screw steamer Montgomery, Capt. Joseph Nicholson, arrived from Lake superior yesterday, with 220 tons pig-iron from the Pioneer Iron Work, 150 tons do from the Migge Colwell furnace, 30 tons copper from the Franklin, Pewabic and Quincy mines, and twenty-two passengers. The Montgomery left Portage Entry Sunday week, Marquette on Tuesday, and Sant St. Marie on Thursday morning. The propeller Mineral Rock was at Portage Entry, bound up, and the propeller Lady Elgin was still lying at Whitby Bay, in a disabled condition, her new crank pin not having arrived. The surface of Mud Lake, in St. Mary's River, was covered with ice half an inch in thickness, through which the steamer had to cut her way. The Montgomery went into Presque Isle harbor on Thursday evening, and there remained until Saturday, thereby escaping the severest portion of the gale of Friday night. On Thursday evening a steamer supposed to be the Forester, passed Presque Isle, bound up.

The Montgomery brought six mail-carriers from the Sault with their trains, dogs, snow shoes, &c. They will proceed to Saginaw at once, and commence the Winter mail service between that place and Sant St. Marie.—*Detroit Advertiser, Monday.*

☞ The schooner *W. H. Craig*, in attempting to come into port Sunday evening, about 6 o'clock, got on the bar, and fell off on to the breakwater. Her crew succeeded in getting on the breakwater, where they remained all night, exposed to the storm. She has a cargo of 16,000 bushels wheat, which is insured. She will probably be got off when the sea goes down.—*Buffalo Express of Tuesday.*

Wants.

TRAVELING AGENTS VISITING THE States of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, or any of them, wishing a remunerative Agency for a well established Firm in Chicago, will be liberally dealt with by addressing "P. O. Box 1,055, Chicago," stating their complete route and the number of months they are travelling for. nov24|6d&c&w2t

BOARD.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE CAN HAVE Board and pleasant Rooms in a private family. Address P. O. Box 1055 nov17|995dtf

AGENTS WANTED.

TO SELL ULMER'S NEW SPRING BED. Can make from $15 to $25 per week. Now on exhibition under Van Cott's corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets. Call and see it. Best bed ever made, ever offered; only one mattress required to ensure ease and comfort. Address P. O. Box 317. nov12|958d1mo

WANTED TO PURCHASE. THE INTEREST in a Temperance Restaurant already established, at a thriving point on the Railroad Stations in the State of Michigan. Address, stating particulars, box 1272 Milwaukee Post Office. oct19

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

ANY ONE IN OUR CITY WHO HAS Bonds and Mortgages to exchange for goods call at my store. CALEB WALL.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

WANT TO PURCHASE FROM TEN or fifteen thousand dollars worth of property in the city limits. Apply to CALEB WALL.

CARPENTERS, PILE DRIVERS, AND LABORERS.

A NUMBER OF CARPENTERS, EXPERienced Pile Drivers and Laborers can find employment at the Season, at the new breakwater of the Detroit & Milwaukee Railway Co., at Grand Haven. Fare on the C. & M. steamers half price, and Fare refunded on account of work. C. RIDLEY, Contractor. jy18|515dtf

CHARLES F. MILLER,

MANUFACTURER OF INVISIBLE WIGS, TOUPEES, AND ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKS, &c., Cor. Biddle and East Water Sts., Mil.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE to call the public attention to his Establishment and stock, which will be found superior to any in the Western Country. All the most improved modes in the construction of WIGS, HEAD-DRESSES, BANDEAUS, BRAIDS, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKS, &c., are used with success, particularly his ventilating works.

☞ WIGS or TOUPEES made to order, with the certainty of a perfect fit by taking the measure as here directed:

No. 1—Round the head.

No. 2—From temple to temple, below the crown.

No. 3—The line of the forehead to the poll of the head.

No. 4—Ear to ear.

Address, CHAS. F. MILLER, Corner E. Water and Biddle sts., Mil. nov21|ly&dly

R. B. BELL, Milwaukee. J. LONGWORTH, N. O.

R. B. BELL & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND DEALERS IN Eastern and Southern Exchange, 32 E. WATER ST., MILWAUKEE.

CASH ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS of Produce to COBB MARTIN & CO., New York, and to JOHN LOCKWOOD, COBB & CO., New Orleans, also on property in store.

Cash paid for Sugar and Molasses, Rio Coffee, &c., constantly on hand. Agents for the Celebrated Wheeler and Lipsey, Seymour and Morse, Improved Sewing Machines; Ammidown & Domestic Sewing Machines; Howard Watch & Co.'s Solid Silver Watches; Old Vermont Chamberpin and other Burgundies from R Bininger, Jones, Harrison & Co., Garcia son, Garrison, &c.; also, Guinness' Dublin Stout, in bottle and in glass; Bass & Younger's Ale, etc., etc. Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskey of rare quality always on hand.

Refer to Ald. Wadsworth, Milwaukee; MARSHALL & ISELEY, Milwaukee; BROWN & OGDEN, Attorneys, Milwaukee. nov22

WISCONSIN IRON WORKS CO.

WE BEG TO INFORM THE PUBLIC that we are prepared to do all kinds of Foundry Work and Finishing in the best and cheapest manner. Our stock of Patterns is large; Mill gearing of all descriptions; Flouring, Grist, Saw, Corn and Sugar Mills; Horse or steam power, as may be wanted. Railroad Castings in general, Road Scrapers and iron different Plows. We are also prepared to do our own work. W. W. SWEENY,

E. P. ALLIS,

H. S. GERLINGS.

P. S.—All orders addressed to the undersigned, at the old stand of A. D. Longworth, on the Canal, will receive prompt attention. nov13|206dly

PRESERVES. A VARIED ASSORTMENT on hand, and for sale by nov26 EDWARD TRUESLOW, 191 East Water st.

FRENCH PRUNES.—A PRIME LOT FOR sale by EDWARD TRUESLOW, 191 East Water st.

Dry Goods.

Mack Brothers' Column.

SEASONABLE GOODS

SEPTEMBER 27th, 1859.

MACK BROTHERS

INVITE THE INSPECTION OF PURCHASERS to their stock of

DRY GOODS!

Suited to the present season, which, in their experience of twelve years in this market, has not been surpassed, either as to

QUALITY,

QUANTITY,

VARIETY,

STYLE, OR

LOW COST!

Which seems to be the one thing desired with all buyers, in these days of working cheap, and increasing sales thereby.

MILWAUKEE SAVINGS' STORE, 181 EAST WATER STREET, sept27|765dly MILWAUKEE, WIS.

THE FIRST GUN

OF THE

FALL CAMPAIGN.

By the Well Established House of

J. L. DAVIS,

178 East Water St., Milwaukee,

WELL KNOWN, WELL TRIED, ALWAYS READY,

WITH THE

Best and Cheapest Goods,

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY OR ELSEWHERE in the country. We are now prepared to exhibit to our customers and the public, an elegant stock of

Dress Goods,

Which, for beauty, quality and variety,

CANNOT BE EXCELLED.

RICH SILK ROBES, NEW STYLES FANCY SILKS, PLAIN SILKS, POPLINS AND MILKS, MOURNING SILKS, RICH BROCADE SILKS, BAYADERE SILKS, AND

BLACK SILKS of Every Description.

PRINTED MERINOS. FRENCH DO ENGLISH DO. IRISH POPLINS, FIGURED AND PLAIN WOOL DELAINES, SATIN DE CHENES, BOMBAZINES, PAIL DE CHEVRES, VELOURS, &c., in endless variety, and at low prices. Also a fine assortment of

Embroideries and White Goods.

A LARGE STOCK OF

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings Jeans, &c.

THE DOMESTIC STOCK

Is unusually large, embracing all the best brands of Sheetings, Shirtings, Calicoes, Linens, Flannels, &c. We have an immense stock of the

Newest Styles Shawls, Cloaks, &c.,

The best ever brought into this market. Also,

$5,000 WORTH

Of Real Brussels and Guipure Laces,

GUIPURE THREAD FRINGES, in all widths.

☞ We possess advantages for purchasing goods over any House in the West, and the unparalleled increase of our sales for the last three years, warrant us in saying we never were and never will be undersold. We fear no competition.

OUR JOBBING DEPARTMENT

Is unusually full of all kinds of

DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS &c!

Which we are offering to Merchants

CHEAP FOR CASH!!

WE GIVE NO CREDIT.

J. L. DAVIS, 178 East Water Street, sep20|224dly Milwaukee.

GREAT BARGAINS!

MAY BE EXPECTED, AT

187 East Water Street,

AS THAT

Immense Stock of Dry Goods ! !

MUST BE CLOSED OUT!

Without Respect to Cost ! !

BY THE ASSIGNEE.

ap18|157dtf JOSEPH CARY, Assignee.

LEWIS BLAKE,

23 WISCONSIN ST.,

New Millinery for the Fall of 1859!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

I HAVE JUST RETURNED FROM NEW YORK and Boston with the most extensive assortment of Ladies' Hats and Hat materials ever brought to this city, consisting of plain, uncut, and fancy Velvet, French flowers, Plumes, Ruches, Ribbons, Head-dresses, &c., &c.

Mrs. Blake's rooms up stairs are now open and stocked with all the choicest goods of the season, having herself selected them with great care from the latest importations, and will show a stock of Millinery second to none West of New York.

Milwaukee, Sept. 27, 1859.

Transportation.

1859. THE 1859.

Western Transportation Company,

INCORPORATED 1856.

CAPITAL.....$800,000.

Directors:

JNO. ALLEN, Jr, Pres't. H. A. ROOT, Secretary.
SAM. MORGAN, Vice Pres. E. L. FURSMAN, Treas't.

P. L. Sternberg, Buffalo. John Allen, Jr., Buffalo.
Jason Parker, " Everett Clapp, New York.
Orrin Clark, " A. V. Stout, New York.
P. S. Marsh, " S. G. Chase, Albany.
A. D. Ellis, " Sam. Morgan, Detroit.
William Wells, " D. Stewart, "
Geo. H. Bryant, Tonawanda.

HAVING COMPLETED ITS ARRANGEments for the coming season—this Company will be prepared, on the opening of navigation, with unsurpassed facilities, both on Lakes and Canal, to transport Merchandize, Railroad Iron, and other property to and from New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Albany, Troy—and intermediate places—and ports on Lake Erie, Michigan and Huron, by the Hudson River and Erie Canal, at the lowest rates.

The work of the Erie Canal Enlargement is now advancing so near to completion, the Company feel warranted in assuring their customers that unprecedented promptness and despatch, between New York and Buffalo, as to command satisfaction.

A DAILY LINE OF PROPELLERS FOR DETROIT, And other ports on Lake Erie.

A Daily Line of Propellers for the Upper Lakes

Agents:

HUGH ALLEN, Gen'l Agt. } 1 Comstock's Slip, N. Y.
AUGUSTUS COLSON, }
JAMES H. WILSON, 2 Astor House Building, N. Y.
S. G. CHASE, 113 Pier, Albany.
" " 106 River street, Troy.
J. M. GILDERSLEEVE, 3 Lewis State street, Boston.
LORENZO HUNTLEY, 3 Sweeny st., Tonawanda.
J. W. TUTTLE, 52 State st., Chicago.
J. L. HUNT & Co., Huntsville, Detroit.

Buffalo Offices and Docks at Erie Basin.

Consignees:

John Hearn & Co., Erie. Bell & Upham, Racine
T. M. Stout, Cleveland. Curtiss & Raymond, do
Stevens & Chase, Toledo. Kenosha Pier Co., Kenosha
Johnson & Hodges, Manitowoc. Wright & Co., Waukegan
" " Port Kirkland, Sheboygan
Day & Thomas, Green Bay Railroad Agent, Sandusky
Whitney & Co., do W. F. HURD, Agent,
Mill & Miss. R. R. Dock, Milwaukee.

MERCHANTS' DESPATCH.

REDUCTION OF RATES.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE WE WILL transport merchandize from New York and Boston, at the following rates:

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.
New York to Milwaukee	55	70	55	43
Boston " "	95	75	60	43

A. H. LIVINGSTON, Agent, 197 Broadway, N. Y.
G. G. KEDDER, Agent, 109 State street, Boston.
J. A. MOTT, Agent,
Milwaukee.
my7

POWDER AND SHOT.

A. H. GARDNER & CO.,

NO. 17 WISCONSIN STREET,

Wholesale dealers in all kinds of

SPORTING AND BLASTING POWDER, SHOT, LEAD, PERCUSSION CAPS, AND BUFFALO ROBES.

The highest price in cash paid for Shipping Furs.

AGENTS FOR WISCONSIN SHOT CO.

☞ Powder stored in Fire Proof Magazines,—delivered at our store, or vessel, or shipped free of expenses. A. H. GARDNER. [aug16|6d|dly] H. S. DODGE.

Hardware, Stoves, &c.

FALL AND WINTER STOCK. TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FINE assortment of polished steel Shovels and Tongs, Shovel and Tong Stands, Coal Hods, Blower Stands, brass and common Andirons, common wire, and Gothic Fenders, Sun-shade Griddles, Cake-turners, Corn Poppers, and many other articles, to which we invite the attention of all.

RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

To this Department, we call the especial attention of all in the city, country, and places tributary to Milwaukee, as possessing advantages to any store in the West. Our stock is larger, the assortment more numerous, and quality of the goods superior to that which you generally find in Hardware Stores.

Please call upon us, or send your orders, and we will endeavor to please you, both in prices and goods. TERMS CASH.

TINNERS' STOCK.

We keep constantly on hand a fine stock of TIN PLATE, COPPER, ZINC, WIRE, SHEET IRON, and everything used by Tinners. Our prices are low, and we are prepared to compete with any other store in CHICAGO OR ENCAMPMENT. Please send in your orders with the cash, and they can be shipped without delay.

HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

LADIES SKATES.

WE WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION of ladies who are desirous of participating in the healthful exercise of Skating, to our fine stock of Skates, made expressly for ladies use, and so adopted as to fit to them easy and graceful for the foot. Shall be pleased to have you call and examine for yourselves. HENRY J. NAZRO & CO. nov15

DIXON'S STOVE POLISH

A NEW ARTICLE FOR POLISHING Stoves, and the best ever before offered to the public, for sale by HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

WAREHOUSE TRUCKS.

JUST RECEIVED, A FULL ASSORTMENT of Dog and Warehouse Trucks, which we are selling at reduced prices. Call and see. sep13 HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

TO FISHERMEN.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED LARGE stock of Cotton Seine Twine assorted, from 12 to 24 thread; also a full stock Gilling Twine and Cotton Rope, which we sell very low for cash. aug29 H. J. NAZRO & CO.

SPORTSMEN ATTENTION.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE assortment of double and single shot guns, which we shall sell very cheap. Call and look at our stock. H. J. NAZRO & CO.

TO BROOM MAKERS.

WE ARE IN RECEIPT OF OUR FALL stock of Broom Sewing Twine, green and colored, Winding Twine, Broom Wire, tinned and bright, from No. 21 to 25, all of which we are selling very low. Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. H. J. NAZRO & CO.

GOODRICH & JOHNSON,

216 EAST WATER STREET,

MILWAUKEE, - - - - WISCONSIN.

Wholesale & Retail Dealers in

STOVES, RANGES,

HOT AIR FURNACES,

HOLLOW WARE, HEATERS, ROOFING,

GALVANIZED IRON CORNICES,

Silver Plated and Brittania Ware.

Manufacturers of PLANISH, PLAIN & JAPAN

TIN WARE,

In any shape desired, and dealers in all kinds of

Household Furnishing Goods,

In their line. Special attention will be given to all kinds of

JOBBING, TIN ROOFING, and putting up of EAVE TROUGHS & CONDUCTOR PIPES.

Galvanized Iron, Sheet Iron, Tin and Copper,

In large or small quantities, constantly on hand.—A large assortment of

KEROSENE AND FLUID LAMPS,

KEROSENE OIL,

CAMPHENE & BURNING FLUID.

Grateful for patronage already received, the subscribers hope for its continuance, and such an increase as the

BEST OF GOODS,

and the most faithful services will merit.

H. W. GOODRICH, S. S. JOHNSON.

Milwaukee, June 1859. je28|84dly

Removed to Market Square.

SMITH & BENTTLEBEN,

PRACTICAL GAS AND STEAMPIPE FITTERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in Gas and Steam Pipes, Lap Welded Boilers, Elbows, &c., Steam and Water Cocks, Globe and Check Valves, Gauge Cocks, Steam Gauges, Oil Cups, &c. &c.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

A large assortment of

GAS FIXTURES.

☞ Work done in a workmanlike manner, at short notice and lowest prices. mar18|ly&dly

ISAAC KINGSLEY. ANDREW M. PIERCE.

KINGSLEY & PIERCE,

GAS AND STEAM PIPE FITTERS

No. 231 East Water Street,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Gas and Steam Fixtures, Cast, Steam and Water Cocks, Globe and Check Valves, Steam and Gauge Cocks, &c.

Always on hand,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GAS FIXTURES.

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Machinery.

The Great Secret at Last Discovered ! !

JUNIUS JUDSON,

PATENTEE AND MANUFACTURER OF JUDSON'S PATENT GOVERNOR VALVES, FOR REGULATING THE MOTION OF STEAM ENGINES,

WARRANTED THE MOST PERFECT Governor of Steam Power in the world, and like all really great inventions, the most simple. Manufactured by Judson Agent, at Rochester, N. Y., Foley Building, corner R. R. Depot.

☞ Shop Rights for sale.

CAUTION TO INFRINGERS.

Patent issued in the United States, Nov. 8th, 1858. Reissued, Jan. 25th, 1859. Patented March 4th, 1851. Patented also in Great Britain and the Canadas, March 4th, 1851.

This improvement consists in making regulating valves to open with a suddenly increasing ratio of opening, by increasing the width of the opening made in the valve or its seat according to the opening made in the ordinary valves in use—or by combining mechanical width of opening with regulating motion. My patent Valves and Governors are so arranged as to give the resistance to the piston's motion, (or reward of the engine), the power to open the valve in the exact amount of aperature necessary to counteract that resistance; and from the aperture, by the additional speed or reward, it receives carries itself standing that the action of the governor is continually decreasing in its effects.

I therefore claim the action of valves combined with governors, as hereto fore used. And as this effect can be produced by many different mechanical devices, (governors), the novelty and merit of my invention must be by which infringers have imposed upon the public, I therefore caution and request all persons interested, to examine carefully all alleged improvements in valves or governors, to see if the application of this truth or principle first discovered and applied by me is not involved in their arrangements;—and thereby prevent fraud upon the purchaser and injustice to both of which are at present much annoyed by their piratical depredations. H. H. BRIGHTMAN, Agent, Milwaukee. oct12|354dtf

Patterns and Castings,

AT NO. 2 SPRING STREET,

OPPOSITE THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

I WILL MAKE TO ORDER, PATTERNS and Models for every variety of Machinery and Architecture, etc., etc., etc. I will also furnish

IRON A